The Daily Sentinel.

VOL. III. RALEIGH, N. C., MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868. NO. 210

DAILY SENTINEL.

WM. E. PELL, Proprietor.

DRY GOODS.

Popular Goods at Popular Prices!

The People will tell of the Prices and our Prices will tell!

Important Facts for the People!

IT IS KNOWN THAT THE RAW MATERIAL of Cotton has materially advanced, and is still advancing,—and all goods manufactured of cotton have been enhanced in value.

It is known that we bought our present

LARGE SPRING STOCK

BEFORE THE ADVANCE, and we are now prepared to accommodate the Trade on the most reasonable terms.

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
MOZAMBIQUES, LENOES,
BERAGES AND LAWNS,
PERCALLE AND ORGANDIES,
MUSLINS AND PRINTS,
GINGHAMS AND HOMESPUNS,
BLEACHED DOMESTICS,
UNBLEACHED DOMESTICS,
GENTS' AND LADIES' HATS,
SHOES AND GLOVES,
LADIES' PARASOLS,
PLAID AND PLAIN NAINSOOKS,
PLAID AND PLAIN MUSLINS,
PERCALLE AND JACONETS,
SWISS AND TARLETONS.

Additions will be daily made to the stock, by our resident Partner in New York.

"*Quick Sales and small Profits.*"

"*The Best of Goods at the Lowest of Prices.*"

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER & CO.

April 3-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY.

SPRING TRADE, 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

Tools, Locks, Hinges, Screws, Finishing Brads, Hames, Trace Chains, Weeding Hoes.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, March 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

ON HAND.

Glass Goblets, Tumblers and Wine-Glasses.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 19—tf With Hart & Lewis.

BACON! BACON! BACON!

Prime N. C. Hams and Sides, Western Sides and Shoulders, Superior Maryland Hams, Prime Mess Pork. Just received by

Mar 17—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

TURPENTINE AND ROSIN SOAP.

For sale by the box, at

April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

200 BUSHELS MEAL.

Just received and for sale by

April 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

GREEN CORN, GREEN PEAS, and Fresh Peaches, at

April 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

FINE SMOKING AND CHEWING TOBACCO.

On hand and going off.
6 boxes fine Chewing Tobacco.
100 lbs. fine Smoking Tobacco, very superior,

At G. T. & W. C. STRONACH'S.

Mar 31—

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH,

GROCERS & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

MARKET SQUARE,
RALEIGH N. C.,

March 17—tf

FAMILY FLOUR.

25 bbls. Family Patapsco.
25 " Superfine
15 " Family N. C.

Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

PLOWS.

We would call special attention to our 0 and 1 Plows. Farmers would do well to see them before purchasing elsewhere. Also to our GARDEN HOES, SPADES and SHOVELS.

Mar 21— G T & W C STRONACH.

A LARGE LOT OF STOCK PEAS.

At

Mar 21—tf— G T & W C STRONACH'S.

RECEIVED THIS DAY
500 lbs. Family Lard in Kegs.
TONNOFFSKI'S

Feb 3-150-tf

IRON! IRON! IRON!

G. T. & W. C. STRONACH.

IRISH POTATOES FOR PLANTING.

10 bbls. White Mercer Potatoes.
10 bbls. Peach Blow do
15 bbls. N. C. do

Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

For Sale.

DURHAM SMOKING TOBACCO in 3 lb. Bags.

W. H. JONES & CO.,
Mar 16—tf Auction & Com Merchants.

ANOTHER LOT OF CABBAGES,
Received to-day, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

100 NORTH CAROLINA HAMS
In store and for sale by
Mar 21—tf G T & W C STRONACH.

20 SACKS DARK GREEN COFFEE.

At

Mar 21—tf G T & W C STRONACH'S.

PLOWS OF ALL KINDS at
G. T. & W. C. STRONACH'S.

NO. 1 AND SELF-SHARPENING POINTS and Bars, always on hand at
Mar 18—tf G. T. & W. C STRONACH'S.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!

Wanted by
Mar 21—tf G T & W C STRONACH.

CROSSE & BLACKWELL'S genuine imported Chow-Chow and Picalilli, at
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S

CANDIES! CANDIES!
At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Star's Snuff,

FOR SALE IN QUANTITIES TO SUIT PURchasers, by
March 13—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

ANOTHER SUPPLY OF MARYLAND HAMS, At
Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

BOOK STORES.

ALFRED WILLIAMS, C. W. LAMBETH.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
No. 40 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C.
Book Sellers and Stationers,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF SCHOOL BOOKS,

STANDARD AND MISCELLANEOUS WORKS.
MASONIC BOOKS, JEWELS, REGALIA;
BOOKS ON STOCK AND AGRICULTURE; STATIONERY; PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPER; PRINTERS SUPPLIES;
SCHOOL AND OFFICE REQUISITES;
ALBUMS;
PERFUMERY,
FANCY ARTICLES, &c.

We are now receiving new supplies, and will be constantly making such additions to our Stock as will enable us to furnish every article usually kept in a first class Book Store.

Our facilities are such as to enable us to furnish in a very few days, any article not on hand, and all orders will have our prompt attention.

Our business will be conducted on the cash system, and every article sold at the very lowest prices.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH.
Raleigh, April 9-207-tf

Turner's N. C. Almanac for 1868.

WE SHALL PUBLISH, in a few days, the SECON - EDITION of the above Almanac.

We have reduced the price to 45 per hundred, or $50 per thousand.

Send your orders to

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers and Stationers.
Raleigh, Oct. 24—67-tf

JAMES H. ENNISS,
BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER,
(TURNER'S OLD STAND)
Raleigh, N. C.,

Will supply any order for any Book or Music, at Publisher's lowest cash prices.

☞ Has the largest stock of BOOKS, STATIONERY, MUSIC etc., for sale in the State

☞ BLANK BOOKS and BINDING done to order.

Dec. 31—123-tf

DRY GOODS.

Will be Sold Without Reserve!

AT

M. ROSENBAUM'S,

HIS ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS,

One of the finest now in the State, consisting, in part, of

FANCY AND STAPLE

DRY GOODS,

SHAWLS, FURS, CLOAKS, WOOLEN GOODS, LADIES', MISSES', AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, HOSIERY, GLOVES, ETC., ETC.

ALSO,

200 OVERCOATS

OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

75 FINE BLACK DRESS COATS.

150 ASSORTED BEAVER, TRICOT, AND CASSIMERE BUSINESS SUITS.

300 PAIRS ASSORTED PANTS.

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

GENT'S AND BOYS HATS AND CAPS,

BOOTS AND SHOES

of every description.

Traveling Bags, Valises and Trunks.

All of the above to be sold regardless of cost at

M. ROSENBAUM'S,
No. 16 Fayetteville St.

Jan 14-133-tf

GEO. SLOMAN, WITH M. ROSENBAUM, pays the highest price for FURS OF ALL KINDS.

Jan 14-135-tf

NEW ARRIVALS.

Goods as LOW as they can be found in this latitude,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S,

No. 21 Fayetteville St.,

RALEIGH, N. C.

The Senior of this firm has been selling Goods for the last twenty years, in this market and can say to our friends that, considering all things, he never had a

BETTER, NICER OR CHEAPER

STOCK OF GOODS

To offer them than they are now opening at their Store, No. 21 Fayetteville street, Raleigh, N. C.

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

October 4, 1867—tf.

C. W. D. HUTCHINGS & BRO.

MANUFACTURERS.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN LADIES', GENTS', BOYS' AND WAGON SADDLES,

Coach, Buggy, Cart and Wagon Harness,

BRIDLES AND MARTINGALES and all other goods usually kept in a regular Saddlery establishment.

They will sell, a short time, for cash, at a small advance on cost, in order to reduce their heavy stock now on hand.

Citizens and strangers, visiting the City, who wish to purchase goods, will do well to call at our store, 4th. door North of Post Office and opposite Market Square, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh N. C.

Feb 7-154-tf

WILLIAM W. JONES,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

HENDERSON, N. C.

WILL PRACTICE in the Counties of Granville, Franklin and Warren, and in the Federal Courts at Raleigh, N. C. Special attention given to matters in Bankruptcy.

Prompt personal attention given to collecting and securing claims in all parts of the State.

March 21—3m.

The Bankrupt Act.

We have been requested to publish the Bankrupt Law. This is impossible. It makes a respectable volume. In order, however, that our readers may understand it, and may therefore not be liable to be imposed upon by parties, who are indifferent to the interests of others, we have taken some pains to compile from several sources the following general principles of the Act, for the benefit of all who contemplate seeking its benefits. But first of all, we advise our friends not to determine hastily what they will do, until they have had the counsel of a respectable and intelligent Attorney, upon whom they can rely.

1. The manifest design of the Bankrupt Law is to benefit *honest*, but *unfortunate*, debtors, whose just liabilities are greater than they can pay.

2. To become a voluntary bankrupt under this Act, the debtor must owe at least $300, which, of course, he is not able to pay in full.

3. Petitioners under the Bankrupt Act are required to render a schedule of all their debts and liabilities, of *every kind and description whatever*, and also an inventory of all their estate, both real and personal, including all property and effects of which they are possessed, or in which they may have an interest, (though not in possession) in conformity with certain "Forms" prescribed in the "General Orders" of the Supreme Court of the United States. These schedules, verified by the oath of the petitioner before a District Court Judge, Register in Bankruptcy, or U S Commissioner, must accompany the petition, and, when filed, is the commencement of proceedings in Bankruptcy. If it should be found out, pending the proceedings at any time before the bankrupt is discharged, that he has, by any shift or subterfuge, made a false or partial schedule, this would be evidence of fraud and would defeat his discharge.

4. When the petition is by a firm or copartnership, a full set of schedules of the respective estates of the members of the firm should also be added.

5. When the petition is filed, the case is immediately referred to a Register, who examines the petition and schedules annexed thereto, and if they are correct in form, makes a certificate to that effect, to be filed with the Clerk, then adjudges the debtor a Bankrupt and issues a warrant to the messenger to summon all the creditors named in the petitioner's schedules to meet at the Register's office, at a certain time and place, to prove their claims and elect one or more Assignees to take charge of the Bankrupt's estate.

6. A creditor can, however, prove his claim at any time previous to the last dividend, which will generally be six months subsequent to the adjudication of Bankruptcy.

7. No creditor has any standing in a Bankrupt Court until he proves his claim.

8. Creditors have no right to compel the Bankrupt to answer questions concerning the disposal of property or him acquired subsequent to filing a petition in Bankruptcy. In other words, the date of the filing of the petition by or against a debtor, is the date at which, if adjudication of bankruptcy follows, the old order of things passes away and a new leaf is turned over." On this point decisions have been variant. The safe rule appears to be, that the assignee in Bankruptcy has a perfect right to claim whatever he has made after his application, by his personal exertions, but any profits he may have made, from investment or credit, may be liable to the claim of the receiver up to almost the period of his discharge.

9. The Bankrupt can apply to the Court at any time after the expiration of six months, and within one year from the adjudication, for the discharge in bankruptcy. Some have supposed that no debtor will be permitted to apply for Bankruptcy after some early day in March, unless he is able to pay fifty per cent of his debts. We are assured that this is not the case. The law did not go into operation for the purposes for which it was enacted until June 1st, 1867. It gives twelve months from that time, to all honest debtors, whatever may be the extent of their indebtedness which they cannot pay in which to present their applications. After the 1st of June next, every debtor must be able to pay fifty per cent of his indebtedness in order to a successful application in bankruptcy, unless he first obtain the consent of a majority of his creditors.

IMPORTANT TO FARMERS.

We are prepared to deliver, at reduced prices, PURE PERUVIAN GUANO and REESE'S SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.

Also, best GROUND NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER.

J. R. & P. A. DUNN,
Forestville, N. C.
A. M. McPHEETERS,
Mar 23—tf Raleigh, N. C.

FOR SALE.

Thirty-two inch Smith's Bellows.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 24-tf With Hart & Lewis.

FOR SALE.

Five good Mules, four Wagons and a lot of Harness. Apply to

Mar 30—tf BRIGGS, DODD & CO.

JELLIES, JELLIES.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

CATSUPS AND SAUCES.

At TONNOFFSKI'S.

30 BBLS. "C" Ex "C" and "C" Yellow Sugar, in store and for sale by

Mar 21— G T & W C STRONACH.

10 CASES CANNED GOODS,

At

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

FRESH CANNED TOMATOES, at 30c., Preserved Ginger, Spices of all kinds, at

Mar 18—tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The Best Blood Purifier in the WORLD.

DR. LAWRENCE'S CELEBRATED

ROSADALIS,

FOR THE CURE OF

SCROFULA, IN ALL ITS FORMS,

SUCH AS

CONSUMPTION IN ITS EARLY STAGES, ENLARGEMENT AND ULCERATION OF THE GLANDS, JOINTS, BONES, LIVER, KIDNEYS &c., RHEUMATISM, WHITE SWELLING, NEURALGIA, AFFECTIONS, SORE EYES, OLD SORES, DISEASES PECULIAR TO FEMALES, ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN, GENERAL BAD HEALTH,

AND ALL OTHER DISEASES CAUSED

By an Impure State of the Blood.

The following, *among many hundreds* of our best citizens, testify to its *wonderful efficacy.*

Home Certificates from Physicians.

We know Dr. Lawrence's Rosadalis to be a safe and RELIABLE Alterative, &c., and take pleasure in recommending it to the profession and the public.

A. D. MOORE, M. D.,
L. A. SITH, M. D.,
J. H. WINSTEAD, M. D.
B. G. BARHAM, M. D.,
W. A. DUGGAN, M. D.,
E. BARNES, M. D.,
R. W. KING M. D.,
S. WOODARD, M. D.
W. T. BREWER, M. D.

January 7th, 1868.

I hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with the above named Physicians, and they are all gentlemen of respectability and standing in this community.

T. C. DAVIS, Mayor of Wilson, N. C.

☞ The ROSADALIS thoroughly eradicates every kind of humor and bad taint, and restores the entire system to a healthy condition.

☞ IT IS PERFECTLY HARMLESS, never producing the slightest injury.

☞ It is not a Secret Quack Remedy. The articles of which it is made are published around each bottle, and it is used and endorsed by the Leading Physicians everywhere it is known.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D., CHEMIST,

BALTIMORE, MD.,
(Late of Wilson, North Carolina.)

PRICE, $1.50 PER BOTTLE.

☞ Sold WHOLESALE by all the principal WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS, in all the large cities of the United States and British America, and retail by Druggists everywhere.

All letters of inquiry, &c., promptly answered. Address

DR. J. J. Lawrence,
Sole Proprietor and Manufacturer,
29 Hanover Street, Baltimore, Md.

Jan 31-'68-1y

GEO. L. TONNOFFSKI,

Grocer & Commission Merchant,

No. 31, FAYETTEVILLE ST.,

(NEAR TUCKER HALL.)

KEEPS constantly on hand a well selected Stock of choice

Groceries, Confections, Fine Wines, Ales, Liquors, Cigars, &c.

Consignments solicited. Prompt returns made. Liberal advances given. Commissions light.

Jan 29-148-tf

ALE! ALE!!—10 KEGS "COCKADE CITY," received this morning. A supply always on hand.

Jan 25-143-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

CHOICE SEED POTATOES!

EARLY GOODRICH,

SEEDLING MERCER,

DYKEMAN,

PEACH BLOW,

JACKSON WHITE.

ALL OF WHICH ARE KNOWN TO BE EXCELLENT.

For sale at lowest prices by

DOUGLAS BELL,

Mar 20—tf Fayetteville Street.

GUILFORD LAND AGENCY OF NORTH CAROLINA,

LANDHOLDERS WHO WISH TO SELL

Agricultural or Mineral Lands, Water Powers, Mills, Town Lots, or Real Estate

of any kind, will find it to their advantage to place their property in our hands for sale.

We have great facilities for procuring purchasers for all such property.

For information, address

JNO. B. GRETTER,
General Agent,
Greensboro, N. C.

Or PHIL THIEM, Agent, Raleigh, N. C.

Oct. 21—72-y

FRESH PEACHES!!

50 dozen 3 lb., Cans (1qt.) $4 00 per doz.
15 " 6 lb., " (2qt.) $8.00 " "

ALL WARRANTED FRESH.

The Cans are sealed with wax and can be used again.

Apply to

E. H. FOGUE,
Feb 19-164-tf Hillsboro, N. C.

Pure Peruvian Guano!

BY TO-DAY'S FREIGHT.

I AM RECEIVING A SUPPLY OF GUANO which is, without doubt, the

GENUINE PERUVIAN GUANO.

Parties wishing it by the single bag, can supply themselves at reasonable prices.

Persons wishing a ton, or any quantity in excess of a ton, by paying the cash when they give the order, will be supplied at the lowest possible prices.

Send in your orders to DOUGLAS BELL,
Mar 28—tf Fayetteville Street.

LIFE INSURANCE.

The Arlington Mutual

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF VIRGINIA.

A VIRGINIA AND SOUTHERN INSTITUTION. ITS FUNDS ARE KEPT IN THE SOUTH. IT HAS MET WITH UNPRECEDENTED SUCCESS. ITS FORTUNES ARE ESTABLISHED BEYOND ANY CONTINGENCY.

The Company has capital and assets, against its liability, that will compare favorably with any Life Insurance Company on the continent, which is the true test of responsibility.

Its affairs are cautiously administered by selected Directors, of responsibility and business capacity.

It has established its claim to Southern Patronage.

OFFICERS:

PRESIDENT,
JOHN E. EDWARDS,

VICE PRESIDENT, Wm. B. ISAACS. SECRETARY, D. J. HARTSOOK.

MEDICAL EXAMINER,
CHARLES H. SMITH, M. D.

LEGAL ADVISER, H. C. CABELL. GENERAL AGENT, JNO. H. CLAIBORNE

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LEWIS C. HANES, Ag't. LEXINGTON, N. C.

Jan 28-146-tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

WALTER CLARK,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

HALIFAX, N. C.

Practices in the Courts of Halifax and adjoining Counties. Also in the Federal Courts and Courts of Bankruptcy.

Jan 29-148-6m

JOHN W. HINSDALE,

ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

No. 2, Hay Street, Fayetteville, N. C.

PRACTICES in the State and Federal Courts and in the Court of Bankruptcy for the 2d Congressional District.

Prompt attention given to all business intrusted to his care. Claims collected anywhere in North Carolina.

July 22-24-tf

Snuff, Snuff.

A LARGE supply, in large and small bladders. Also, in paper and bottles, at manufacturer's prices.

Feb 13-159-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

STAVES WANTED.

We will CONTRACT for, or purchase at MARKET PRICES ON ARRIVAL,

500,000 Red Oak Hhd. Staves,
300,000 White Oak Hhd "
100,000 White Oak "Heading, } *Norfolk Inspection.*
75,000 White Oak Pipe Staves,
50,000 White Oak Bbl "

The White Oak Staves and Heading will be received as soon as they can be delivered. The Red Oaks, from September to January next.

Dimensions, and full particulars for getting Staves properly, furnished on application to

CHARLES REID & SON,
Mar 19—tf Norfolk, Va.

CUSHINGS & BAILEY,

WHOLESALE BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

No. 202 Baltimore Street, opposite Hanover,

BALTIMORE.

ARE PREPARED TO OFFER TO the Country Trade, Goods in their line, at prices that will compare favorably with those of any other market.

Their stock of Law, Medical and Miscellaneous Books is large and well selected.

A large and varied assortment of Foreign and American Stationery can always be found at their establishment.

They keep constantly on hand a full supply of Blank Books of different styles and of their own manufacture. Having a Bindery connected with their Store, they are, at all times, able, at short notice, to fill orders for Blank Books, ruled to any pattern, or of any desired style of binding.

Orders, received by mail, will meet with prompt attention.

☞ You are requested to call and examine our stock and prices before purchasing elsewhere.

March 25—3m

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

THE GROWTH OF 1867!

Warranted Fresh and Genuine.

JUST RECEIVED A LARGE SUPPLY OF Fresh Garden Seed of all kinds the growth of 1867, from the SEED NURSERY OF DAVID LANDRETH & SON, Bloomsdale, near Philadelphia. These seed are warranted *fresh* and *genuine*,—are neatly put-up in papers, and will be sold at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts. and at 10 cents each paper or 3 papers for 25 cts.

Apply at N. C. Bookstore.

J. H. ENNISS,
Feb 4-151 Bookseller.

FOR 1868!

A NEAT ALMANAC, CONTAINING A FARM and Kitchen Garden Calendar for each month in the year, and other valuable information for gardening will be given to each purchaser.

J. H. ENNISS,
Feb 4-151-tf Bookseller.

1868. Hardware Trade 1868

ON HAND.

FINE TABLE CUTLERY, Silver Plated Forks and Spoons, Silver Plate Castors, Swords and Refined Iron, Cast and Blister Steel, Garden Tools

ALSO

Cut and Finishing Nails, Cooking Stoves, furnished complete, Hollow Ware, Sad Irons, Shoe Lasts and Pegs.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Feb. 27—tf With Hart & Lewis.

DRY GOODS.

LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS,

AT

S. H. & W. J. YOUNG'S!

YOU MAY FIND

NEW GOODS

Just Received at LOW PRICES.

Our friends shall have Goods as cheap as they can be bought at any other House.

BARGAINS WILL BE GIVEN;

SUCH AS **PRINTS** AT 12½ TO 15;

And all DRESS GOODS in proportion

A good stock of Goods for Boys and Men; S. W. CASSIMERES and JEANS, &c.,

At the old stand of

S. H. YOUNG.

Nov. 27—95-tf

FOR THE FALL TRADE.

Just received, a lot of ROCK ISLAND CASSIMERES AND JEANS, (North Carolina manufacture.)

Also, a small lot PRINTS, 4-4 Brown SHEETINGS, WHITE FLANNEL, &c.

Aug. 31—21-tf S. H. & W. J. YOUNG.

NEW YORK ADVERTISEMENTS

GARRETT, YOUNG SCOTT. & CO.

No. 33 Warren and 29 Murray Sts.,

NEW YORK.

SUCCESSORS TO

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, GARRETT & Co.

OF NEW YORK,

AND

SPENCER SCOTT & CO.,

OF NEWARK, N. J.

Extensive Manufacturers and Wholesale Dealers in

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING.

C. W. GARRETT, A. S SHAFER.
EBEN YOUNG, A. L. SCOTT,
SPENCER SCOTT, F. M. GARRETT.

May 15-1867

DANCY, HYMAN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

No. 24 EXCHANGE PLACE,

New York.

Sept. 28—45-tf.

CLOTHING HOUSE.

R. B. ANDREWS & CO.

Invite attention to their

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

OF

Gentlemen's, Youth's and Boys'

CLOTHING

AND

FURNISHING GOODS

20 Fayetteville St., opposite Tucker Hall,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Nov. 13—84-tf

JUST RECEIVED.

FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS.

MADE FROM SUPERIOR FRENCH CLOTHS, Cut, Trimmed and made as well as the best Merchant Tailor's ordered work, at a saving of from FIFTEEN to TWENTY DOLLARS a suit,—words saving in these times.

FINE CLOTH SACKS,

FINE BEAVER SACKS,

Silk-Mixed Business Suits,

gotten up in our best style, at prices to suit the times.

A fine variety of FINE DRESS SHIRTS always on hand, at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S,
Gents' Furnishing Store,
Oct. 16—69-tf Opposite Tucker Hall

HATS! HATS! HATS!

All the latest styles can be found at

R. B. ANDREWS & CO'S
Gent's Outfitting Rooms,
Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

JUST RECEIVED,

SOLE LEATHER TRUNKS,
SOLE LEATHER VALISES,
MOROCCO AND LEATHER TRAVELING BAGS in great variety,

At **R. B. ANDREWS & Co's**

Gent's Furnishing Rooms

Nov. 13—84-tf Opposite Tucker Hall.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WESTBROOK & CO.

PROPRIETORS OF THE

WESTBROOK NURSERIES,

GREENSBORO, N. C.

KEEP constantly on hand, during the planting season, a splendid lot of

CHOICE FRIUT TREES AND GRAPE VINES

which they offer very low, for cash, or good produce.

NURSERY STORE, on Washington Street, where patrons will receive prompt attention, until the 1st. of April.

Send stamp for Catalogue, and Wholesale Price List of Grape Vines.

Address,

WESTBROOK & CO.
Box 66, Greensboro, N. C,
Jan 27-143-3m

T. BRANSON, J. A. JONES
Ag'ts N. C. Business Directory.

BRANSON & JONES,

SUCCESSORS TO

Branson, Farrar & Co.,

CONTINUE THE BOOK BUSINESS AT THE same stand, near Tucker Hall, and still keep on hand a supply of

BOOKS AND STATIONERY,

at reduced prices.

Consignments of second hand Law and Miscellaneous Books solicited.

Particular attention paid to orders.

BRANSON & JONES,
Jan 29-148-tf Raleigh, N. C.

RAILROADS.

TO SHIPPERS.

NORTH CAROLINA

ALL STATE

RAILWAY LINES, (THAT USED TO BE!)

THE OLD RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

THE SHORTEST, QUICKEST, SAFEST AND BEST LINE, NORTH AND SOUTH, TO BE LEFT OUT IN THE COLD. UNLESS SHIPPERS SPECIALLY

SAY VIA. R. & G. R. R!

WE inaugurated and are the *Great through Inland Air Line Route* with the Northern Markets, and have successfully worked the Line to the entire satisfaction of Shippers, North and South, for the last five years, as the ten Thousand Shippers in North and South Carolina will testify. We paid the State near Seven Hundred Thousand Dollars for her Interest in this Road—thereby saving the people from Taxation for all time to come $60,000 per year; and we unhesitatingly declare that we can and will give more dispatch to all points, North and South, than any other Line.

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The Great Inland Air Line Freight

R O U T E,

Via THE RALEIGH & GASTON RAIL ROAD,

is the Short Line for Shippers, and you are *required so to direct your Freights*, or they will be taken by another Route!

To insure your Freight being carried over this *Great* Inland Air Line safely, direct your consigners to mark your Freight, Care of Rail Road Agent, Portsmouth, Va., or City Point Va., via *Raleigh & Gaston Rail Road*, and to ship as follows:

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(Via Annamessic,) Phila., Wilmington and Baltimore Depot, or Clyde's Line of Steamers, 14 N. Delaware Avenue, W. P. Clyde, Agent.

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Aug 6-306-tf Raleigh N. C

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DEALERS IN

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IRON, STEEL,
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS,
CARRIAGE MATERIAL,
PAINTS, VARNISHES,
COLORS, OILS,
GLUE AND GLASS

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Agents for the sale of

Burr and Esopus Mill Stones,
Bolting Cloth,

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☞ *Two doors below Southern Express Office.*

Nov. 7—79-tf

OILS, LEAD, &c., &c.

NOW IN STORE A FINE STOCK OF LINseed, Cotton-Seed, Kerosene, Lubricating and Train Oils, of the best quality.

ALSO WHITE LEAD,

Colors of all kinds and Varnishes.

A general assortment of HARDWARE.

BRIGGS & DODD.

Jan 23-138-tf

HENRY GWYNN, of Baltimore. | S. S. COTTEN, Late of N. C. | WALTER GWYNN, JR. Late of S. Carolina.

GWYNN, COTTEN & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS,

AND

General Commission Merchants.

105 *West Lombard Street,*

BALTIMORE.

☞ Liberal advances made on Consignments. Orders for GENERAL MERCHANDISE solicited. Refer to Gen. Walter Gwynn, and Hon. Thos. Ruffin, N. C.

Sept. 30—65-sod3m&w3m

TRADE FOR 1868.

No. 44 Fayetteville Street.

WE HAVE, ON HAND, A COMMANDING stock of

HARDWARE AND CUTLERY,
CROCKERY AND GLASS WARE,
TIN WARE, LAMPS,
CHIMNEYS AND WICKS
BEST KEROSENE OIL,
SPIRITS TURPENTINE,

Which will be sold low for cash.

Just to hand, Sun and Comet Burners and Chimneys.

J. BROWN
Raleigh, Jan. 4—tf With Hart & Lewis.

SPRING TRADE.

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRIVALS.

Fine Ivory-handled Table Cutlery
Geo Westenholm & Son's and Joseph Rogers & Son's Congress Knives
Curling Irons and Tongs
Fluting Irons, Sheep Shears
Western Cow Bells
Fine Razors and Straps
Hand, Rip, and Tenon Saws
Hollow Augers, with bits.

J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 21-tf With Hart & Lewis.

N. C. Bacon.

HAMS AND SIDES.

W. H. JONES & CO.
Auctioneers & Com. Merchants.
Feb 22-168-tf

NOTICE.

The copartnership of Briggs Dodd & Co., in the business of Building, &c., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All persons having claims will please present them for payment and those indebted are requested to come forward and settle without delay.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
JAMES DODD.
Mar 28—3w W. J. HICKS.

NOTICE.

The copartnership of Briggs & Dodd, in the business of Merchandize, &c., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having claims will please present them for payment, and those indebted are requested to come forward and settle without delay.

THOMAS H. BRIGGS,
Mar 30—3w JAMES DODD.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The Sentinel is published every day, except Sunday, on the following terms:

Three months	$ 00
Six months	4 00
One year	8 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel one year	4 00
" " six months	2 00
Weekly Sentinel, one year	2 00
" " six months	1 00

THE SENTINEL.

WILLIAM B. PELL, } EDITORS.
SEATON GALES, }

MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868.

Conservative State Ticket.

AGAINST THE CONSTITUTION.

FOR GOVERNOR.
THOMAS S. ASHE, OF ANSON.

FOR LIEUT. GOVERNOR.
EDWARD D. HALL, OF NEW HANOVER.

For Secretary of State.
ROBERT W. BEST, of Greene.

For Treasurer,
KEMP P. BATTLE, of Wake.

For Auditor.
SAMUEL W. BURGIS, of Buncombe.

For Superintendent of Public Works.
SAMUEL F. PATTERSON, of Caldwell.

For Superintendent of Public Instruction.
BRAXTON CRAVEN, of Randolph.

For Attorney General.
SION H. ROGERS, of Wake.

For Chief Justice of Supreme Court.
Richmond M. Pearson, of Yadkin.

For Associate Justices.
William H. Battle, of Orange,
Edwin G. Reade, of Person.
Mathias E. Manly, of Craven,
Augustus S. Merrimon, of Buncombe.

For Superior Court Judges.
1st Dist. David A. Barnes, of Hertford,
2d " Edward J. Warren, of Beaufort,
3d " George V. Strong, of Wayne,
4th " William S. Devane, New Hanover,
5th " Ralph P. Buxton, of Cumberland,
6th " Robert B. Gilliam, of Granville,
7th " Thomas Ruffin, jr., of Alamance,
8th " Francis E. Shober, of Rowan,
9th " William M. Shipp, of Lincoln,
10th " Anderson Mitchell, of Iredell,
11th " John L. Bailey, of Buncombe,
12th " Allen T. Davidson, of Macon.

For Congress.
4th Dist.—SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS, of Granville.

For Solicitor.
6th Jud. Dist.—William R. Cox, of Wake.

For State Senate.
MOSES A. BLEDSOE, of Wake,
BENJAMIN T. GREEN, of Franklin,

For House of Representatives.
RICHARD C. BADGER,
REUBEN FLEMING,
JESSE A. NORRIS,
JOSEPH JACKSON OVERBY.

For Sheriff.
DAVID LEWIS.

For Coroner.—Henry T. Clawson.
" Treasurer—Noel S. Harp.
" Co. Clerk of Superior Court—Quentin Busbee.
" Register of Deeds.—George W. Taylor.
" Surveyor.—Fendall Bevers.
" Commissioners.—Harry O. Parker, Robert S. Perry, Benjamin Y. Rogers, Charles B. Root, and Washington I. Busbee.

The above is a fair specimen of the kind of ballot to be cast at the approaching election by the Conservatives.

KEEP THE BALL MOVING!

Our canvassers and candidates are doing nobly throughout the State. Never before have so large a number of true men,—men of intelligence and public worth,—thrown themselves into a canvass. Every man, who can make a speech or spread the light, seems to be at work, and the fires of patriotism are burning brightly all over the State.

We beg our friends, in every County, to keep the ball rolling and the fires burning, until the last vote is polled. The Radicals and Republicans are looking anxiously to see the zeal and the earnestness of the Conservatives expire before the election, in order to take advantage of the lull. DISAPPOINT THEM IN THIS. Keep up your Club meetings, your canvassing, your mass meetings, your barbecues, to the last hour of the last day of the election.

We shall DEFEAT the *enemies of the white men* of North Carolina. An experienced, able canvasser, who is in correspondence with gentlemen in different parts of the State, expressed to us the belief, the other day, that our success is CERTAIN. If we had a longer time to canvass, we should beat the Mongrels by 40,000 votes!

THE RADICAL papers in this State, we are glad to state, are few in number,—there being only about three of them. We do not count the Wilmington *Post*, as that has been galvanized temporarily, for evidently the sole purpose of publishing the infamous Constitution, officially, and thereby fleecing the State Treasury. The three or four, however, that are in existence, seem to think that the paucity of their numbers devolves upon them the necessity of *lying* hard enough to make up for deficiency in numbers. They are magazines of mendacity.—The latest and most atrocious lie is that the negroes of Caswell are being persecuted and "intimidated." By the way, the only specific reference in Gen. Canby's recent order is to unlawful combinations of "colored voters." The case of Thomas Green, in Hillsboro', proves that Gen. Canby was correctly advised. We hope these deluded men will weigh well his words of warning.

WE LEARN that Holden, (for he is said to be at his Editorial post again, after having ingloriously failed on the stump,) arraigns our Post Commandant, Col. Bomford, for partiality in his administration, because he is determined to execute General Canby's order relative to the intimidation of voters. We suppose that the Colonel will survive this. He has carried out his military duties, as a conscientious military man, and has, in no case, lent himself to any party. He did not even sign the secret circular, with other United States officers, *asking Congress to relieve the poor X. P. G's. disabilities!* "The milk in the cocoanut!"

SHALL WHITE MEN BE ENROLLED in the MILITIA with NEGROES,—*perhaps under negro officers!* That is one of the issues.

BE ON THE ALERT!

We again warn the Conservatives of the State *to look closely to their ballots.* If our information from all parts of the State does not deceive us, we shall defeat the Radicals, and the so called Republicans, and the infamous new Constitution, "horse, foot and dragoons," unless the fraudulent efforts of our opponents should be more effective than we anticipate. We desire only a fair ballot. We will not countenance trickery, deception or fraud, on the part of individuals or parties.

We are advised that all sorts of tickets are being gotten up,—tickets mixed with the names of Conservatives, Radicals or Republicans, as it may suit, to *secure the new Constitution.* All of these devices are resorted to, with the design of inducing Conservative men to vote for *the Constitution.*

No Conservative man can vote *for* the Constitution, without compromising his principles. In this contest, men are nothing, compared with the great issues involved in the new Constitution.

The State Executive Committee have instructed the several Conservative presses, throughout the State, to print tickets for those Counties most convenient to them, in order that the supply of tickets for each County may be furnished promptly, with a correct list of the County candidates.

We print no tickets for the Executive Committee, except the one in our editorial columns, with the names of the particular candidates for Districts and Counties. The official ticket of the Conservatives is headed "Against the Constitution," with the names of the regular nominees for State officers and the Judges. The Executive Committee have put no name on their ticket, of doubtful Conservatism. Some few names are on the Conservative, the Radical and the Republican tickets, but the Committee have put no man on the Conservative ticket, who is not understood to be a sound Conservative and opposed to the new Constitution. We would not support any man,—not a father, a brother or our dearest friend,—who is not opposed to the infamous Constitution.

Conservatives should therefore positively refuse any ballot offered them, which is not "Against the Constitution," and which has the name of a Radical or Republican on it. The difference between a Radical and a Republican is the difference between *twaddle dum* and *twaddle dee.* They are all *tarred* with the same stick. They are all for negro equality and opposed to the White Man's government in North Carolina. If Radicals or Republicans choose to put Conservatives on their tickets, we cannot object. They can do what they choose in that matter, but Conservatives should not imitate them. If there is a name on the Conservative ticket, that any Conservative cannot conscientiously vote for, let him put a better Conservative in the place of that name, if he will, but let him avoid all compromise with Radicals or Republicans.—After all, this is not a contest for men, for particular candidates. The contest is between the OLD CONSTITUTION and the mongrel one. Candidates have been selected by the Conservatives, with an eye to the best men to bring out the largest vote in the State to defeat the new Constitution. Our object is to defeat *all the candidates*, by the defeat of the Constitution.

PHOTOGRAPH NO. 6.

(DASHES OF OLD.—CICERO IN CATALINAM.)

[*Similis, non idem.*]

"*Quousque tandem, Catalina! abutere patientia abutera?* How long shall thy frantic rage baffle the efforts of justice? To what height meanest thou to carry thy daring in solence? Art thou nothing daunted by the contempt of the people?—nothing by the union of all the wise and worthy citizens?—nothing by the looks and countenances of all here present? Seest thou not that all thy designs are brought to light?—that the citizens are thoroughly apprised of thy conspiracy?—that they are acquainted with thy nightly practices? with the place of meeting?—the company summoned together? and the measures concocted? Alas, for the degeneracy and the depravity of the times! The traitor lives! He comes into the Senate! and shares in the public deliberations. He marks us out with his eye for destruction. Long since, oh, Cataline! ought to have been poured on thy own head that ruin thou hast long been meditating against us all. Yet, still you live; nay more, you live not to lay aside, but to harden yourself in, your audacious guilt—yes, within our walls, plotting daily some intestine mischief against the State. What is there, Cataline, that can now give you pleasure in this city?—wherein, if we except the profligate crew of your accomplices, there is not a man but dreads and abhors you. You came, some time ago, into the Senate. Did a single person of that numerous assembly deign to salute you? Were not the benches, where you sat, forsaken as soon as you were observed to approach them? For my own part, were my slaves to discover such a scorn of me as your fellow-citizens express of you, I should think it advisable to abandon my own house and leave the city. I would sooner withdraw myself from public view than be beheld with looks full of reproach and indignation. Your conscience tells you that you are the object of a universal, just, and long-merited hatred. Your country, the common mother of us all, hates and dreads you, and has long regarded you as a parricide, intent on the design of destroying her. And will you neither respect her authority, submit to her advice, nor stand in awe of her power? How can you exult in a band of ruffians and profligates for associates, so utterly abandoned, that among so great a number you shall neither hear nor see an honest man? and all haters of good men, the enemies of their country, the plunderers of Italy, and confederated in this detestable league and partnership of villainy?"

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE NEW ADMINISTRATION.—We learn that Senator Wade spent a long time yesterday in consultation with Gen. Grant, at the quarters or residence of the latter. The next Cabinet, and other projected arrangements about the contemplated distribution of public offices, were necessarily the topics of grave consideration between these prominent Radical politicians. Military affairs were doubtless discussed.—*Nat. Intel.*

SHALL WHITE CHILDREN BE COMPELLED to go to the same schools with NEGROES? That is one of the issues.

NEGRO MASONRY.

We mentioned, a day or two since, that, under the professed jurisdiction of the Grand Lodge of New York, a negro Masonic Lodge had been organized in this City, and we learn that the Editor of the Radical organ, who is himself a sort of a Mason, by tolerance, is very much pleased thereat. We are not Masons, but we have a high admiration for that venerable and honored fraternity, and we regard this whole proceeding as an insult to the Masons of North Carolina,—one which they should be prompt, individually and as a Society, to rebuke and resent. It is a blow aided by Radicalism at the purity and efficiency of the Order. It is the legitimate result of the teachings of the negro-worshippers. It is another stride at SOCIAL EQUALITY, for the semi barbarous African, with the white race of this country.

The Grand Lodge of North Carolina have already, in the most unmistakable manner, expressed themselves on this point,—which makes this recent attempt to institute *political* negro Masonry in the State the more insulting and aggressive. At its session of 1865, (this same professed Grand Lodge of New York having authorized the organization of a negro Lodge (King Solomon) in Newbern,) it had the matter under consideration, when a Committee, consisting of the Hon. Edwin G. Reade, H. H. Smith and Daniel Coleman, (the father, we believe, of the Radical candidate for Attorney General,) submitted a Report, which was unanimously adopted, from which we propose to make a few extracts:

"The committee have been unable to learn anything more of the facts than appear in the extracts above. If those facts be true, the Grand Lodge of N. Y. has sent an agent into the Southern States, "with full power to organise lodges throughout the Southern portion of the country."

Now upon the supposition that such lodges are to be composed of members worthy and well qualified, the inquiry would still be, "what right has the Grand Lodge of N. Y. to organise lodges within the jurisdiction of other Grand Lodges?"—The committee are of opinion that there is no such right. And, if insisted upon, this Grand Lodge would consider as CLANDESTINE all lodges thus established."

It has since been ascertained that this Grand Lodge of New York is a bogus concern. We believe that the Grand Master of the genuine Grand Lodge of that State has signified that no authority has been given by it for the institution of negro Lodges.—Consequently, these spurious concerns must be without any of the signs, symbols, &c., of the Order, and their assumption of the name of Masons, under such circumstances, is the more outrageous and insulting. And yet this thing, in the face of the avowal of his Grand Lodge that they must be regarded as *clandestine*, is sanctioned and approved by a Mason, (so called!) But we proceed, without further comment, with the report:

"If masonry existed in Africa, and white men were, for any cause, excluded from the intimate relations which we have described, it would be unwise to thrust white men upon the fraternity in Africa. It would be very proper to inaugurate measures to remove the prejudice, but, without such removal, to set it at defiance, could have no other effect than to destroy masonry. So, here in the South, while there is no prejudice against the negro as such, yet, there is such prejudice against assuming the intimate relations of masons, that, to admit them to our Order, would be, inevitably, to destroy it. Many reasons might be urged why it is so; but it is sufficient to know that the fact exists. And, while the fact exists, the introduction of negroes into our Lodges would obliterate masonry from the South.

We know that masonry is not only close in fellowship, but it is perfect in morals and intricate in science. And we know that the negroes of the South are wholly incompetent to embrace it. They are ignorant, uneducated, immoral, untruthful, and, intellectually, they are more impotent than minority or dotage both of which we exclude. It would be rare if any locality could furnish the requisite number of sufficient capacity to open a lodge. Therefore, to have lodges exclusively of negroes, would be dangerous to the high character of our Orders. And, to associate them in lodges with our white brethren, would be impossible.

It is only as masons that we have considered this subject, and we hope that it is only as masons that our New York brethren will consider it. While masons conform themselves to governments, and, reasonably, to manners and customs, yet they swerve not from the great object of universal good. They are not at all influenced by partisan strife, or sectional jealousies. Yet we fear that our Northern brethren are in gross error, as to their masonic mission to the South. Why should the mission be to the *South?* Why not to the negroes of the North? We fear that they are unconsciously imbued with the spirit of fanaticism;—that they have unwholesome dreams that they are better than we. And we do allow ourselves to rest in the conviction, that we are more devoted to the best interests of the negroes of the South, than they can possibly be. They were born in our families; we have nursed them in sickness, labored with them in the field and in the shop. We have rejoiced with them when we had much, and suffered with them when we had little; we have protected them because they were weak, and advised them because they were ignorant. We have made them better than Africans, and nearly equal to our Northern brethren—themselves being judges—and, but for fanaticism, doubtless many of them would have been worthy of masonic privileges. Our earnest desire now is, still further to improve their condition. We would educate them, improve their habits and manners, and make them industrious and provident. But under some strange hallucination, our Northern brethren suppose that we are enemies of the negro, and that they are his friends. And they spare no pains to make that impression upon the negro, and thereby destroy his confidence in us. When, and how, did their friendship manifest itself?—Was it when they caught them in Africa? Was it when they sold them to us as slaves, instead of liberating them in the North?—Was it when they refused to allow them emigration to the new and fertile lands and wholesome climate of our boundless territory? Is it when they exclude the few that remain at the North from every decent and profitable employment, to live in the filth and eat the garbage of the city sewers?—For be it known that of the few they have in the State of New York 13,000 are in the city of New York, and how many upon Broadway? And be it further known that in A. D., 1800, there were 40,700 negroes, (of whom 30,000 were slaves,) in the State of New York, and in A. D., 1820, there were but 39,200. What became of the 1,500?—And why was there no increase? In the same time their white population increased from 500,000 to 1,300,000, in round numbers. Why did not the blacks increase also three for one? Why were there not 100,000 more, instead of 1,500 less, of the black population? How many of them were made masons? How many died of scorn and neglect? How many were driven off by oppression? How many sold into slavery? In A. D., 1800, there were 140,000 negroes in North Carolina, of whom 7,000 were free; in A. D., 1820, there were 220,000 negroes, of whom 14,000 were free.—How favorable the contrast for North Carolina. And now they are all free. And, if their condition is better than when in Africa or New York, it is because we made them so. Our northern friends did not.—They so oppressed them that there was no increase! With us they increase as we increase. They sold them into slavery, we emerge them into liberty. They treated them worse than brutes; we have made them not quite fit for masons. Why will not our Northern brethren let them alone? For what new mischief would they smirk and smile around them? Are not the bayonet and the dollar and the trinket potent enough to enable them to effect their new cotton enterprises with the negro? Must they prostitute the sacred rites and tenets of masonry to sickly fanaticism; or to the illegitimate thrift of the capitalist on the one hand, or of the degradation of the negro on the other? Is there no hole or corner of the earth where the African can be free from their persecutions, by capture when wild, and by deception and oppression when tame? If they would *catch* them again, let them use the lasso in the jungles of Africa, rather than the masonic cable tow in North Carolina.

Would our northern brethren go into the wilds of Africa and make masons of savages? Why not? Because they are not worthy and well qualified. If they are better qualified here than in Africa, it is because we have made them so. Our New York brethren did not. If they are not yet equal to the requirements of our Order, may not we be entrusted with their further development? May it not be left to us to determine when they are sufficiently developed? Do we not know them better, and love them better? And is not our benevolence towards them, which has been purified by the unrestrained associations of childhood, and by the sorrows and joys of life, greater than the pinched up, stingy, stilty, blatant philanthrophy of presumptuous meddlers?

The Committee recommend the adoption of the following resolutions:

Resolved, 1. That the Most Worshipful Grand Master be requested to correspond with the Most Worshipful Grand Master of New York in regard to the reported organization of negro lodges in North Carolina, and earnestly to remonstrate against the same.

Resolved, 2. That this Grand Lodge will, and the fraternity in North Carolina are instructed, to regard all such lodges as clandestine, and the members thereof as spurious.

Respectfully submitted,
E. G. READE,
H. H. SMITH,
DAN. COLEMAN. } *Com.*

December 5th, 1865.

We commend this matter to the attention of the Masons of North Carolina, and, in connection with it, the endorsement of the Radical candidate for Governor!

CONSERVATIVE MEETING IN HYDE COUNTY.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of the Conservative citizens of Hyde County was held at Swan Quarter, on the 28th. day of March, 1868. Jones Spencer was appointed President, Henry S. Gibbs, Tilman F. Credle, George L. Credle, Dr. W. Bonner, Edward L. Mann, Vice Presidents, and Jos. M. Watson and J. B. Watson, Secretaries.

The President then appointed the following gentlemen a Committee on nominations and to draft resolutions expressing the sense of the meeting: W. G. Jarvis, R. P. Wahab, W. H. Fortescue, N. C. Williams, Thomas Jennett, Dupree Harris, David Murray, Henry Jones, Selby S. Bonner, Saml. W. Mann, James McClaud, N. Beckwith, Esq., T. M. Davis, John Fulford, Jabin Gibbs, William S. Carter, Joseph Swindell, John M. Mann and James Wahab.

During the retirement of the Committee, the meeting was addressed, for about two hours, in an able and convincing speech, by F. B. Satterthwaite, Esq. At the conclusion of which, the Committee, through their Chairman, N. Beckwith, Esq., reported the following resolutions and nominations, which were unanimously adopted.

Resolved, By the people of Hyde County, assembled in mass meeting, that the so called Constitution, submitted to the people for rejection or ratification, within one month after its manufacture by the bogus Convention, contains most mischievous and destructive innovations upon the principles of Republican Government.

2nd. That each of the three co-ordinate branches of our State government is perverted from its true purpose by the alterations proposed.

3rd. That the Legislative branch is perverted by the fraudulent distribution of members, so as to give the negro population an undue representation.

4th. That the Executive branch is perverted by the creation of useless and expensive offices to be filled by corrupt partisans.

5th. That the Judicial branch is perverted by the creation of six new Judgeships, wholly unnecessary, and by adding to the delays and expensiveness of legislative proceedings.

6th. That the Declaration of Rights contained in the so called Constitution is a magazine of falsehoods, in which are stored the most pernicious doctrines, to be hereafter used to debase us socially and to overthrow the Republic.

7th. That the attempt to fasten on us the intolerable burden of sixteen millions of dollars of public debt, which was only worth in the market of the world fifty per cent. of its apparent value, and which a system of good management could have saved to the State, (one-half of said debt by an honorable compromise,) ought not to succeed, because it was incorporated into the *so-called* Constitution for corrupt and speculative purposes, and to oppress and mortgage the crippled resources of the State, and not to protect the honor of the State.

Resolved, That for these and other good and sufficient considerations, we will oppose the ratification of this corrupt and degrading so-called Constitution, and will use all lawful and honorable means to insure its rejection.

Col. Rufus W. Wharton, of Beaufort Co., for Senator.

Hon. Tilman Farrow, for the House of Commons.

Israel B. Watson, for Sheriff.

Samuel R. Sadler, for Superior Court Clerk.

George W. Swindell, for Surveyor.

Thomas W. Jones, for Register.

John Bateman, for Coroner.

William S. Carter, John Fulford, R. P. Wahab, George L. Pulcher and James McClaud, for Commissioners.

David M. Carter, Esq., being loudly called for, responded in a short but able speech.

It was moved and adopted that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the *Raleigh Sentinel, Journal of Commerce*, and Washington *Conservative*.

The meeting then adjourned.

JONES SPENCER, President.
JOSEPH M. WATSON, } Secretaries.
J. B. WATSON, }

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

GUANO!
THE GENUINE PERUVIAN!

MEAL.
PRIME WHITE MEAL.

CORN.
ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS.

RIB SIDES.
THREE THOUSAND POUNDS.
For sale by
April 13-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

FAMILY GROCERIES.

"A" Coffee Sugar, Cut Loaf Sugar
Old Java Coffee Laguira Coffee, Rio Coffee
Black Pepper, Alspice, Cloves, Mace, Nutmegs, Ground Cinnamon.
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 11-tf With Hart & Lewis.

STOLEN.

From the Farm of the subscriber, 6 miles Southwest of Raleigh, Friday morning, April 10th, a sorrel HORSE MULE, 14½ hands high, stout built, thin order, 14 years old, shod all round, notch in *right ear*; had on a Mexican saddle and wagon bridle. Information left with Mr. Douglas Bell, of Raleigh, leading to the mule's recovery, will be rewarded
April 11-1w* W. E. PEIRCE.

UNION COTTON MILLS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

The Union Manufacturing Company will expose to public sale on Tuesday the 21st of May, 1868, their

VALUABLE COTTON MILLS,

situated on Deep River, in the County of Randolph, 10 miles North of Asheboro, and 16 miles South-east of High Point. The factory building is a large brick edifice, containing eight spinning frames with the necessary machinery, and twenty-one looms. There is connected with the premises a

FIRST-CLASS FLOURING MILL,
WOOL-CARDING MACHINES,
OIL MILL AND COTTON GIN,

Together with THIRTEEN GOOD BUILDINGS for the accommodation of operatives, and a good STORE HOUSE, with basement.
JOS E WALKER, Agent.
April 11-4d New Market, N. C.

A SUPERIOR ARTICLE OF OLD GOV. JAVA COFFEE, just received by
April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RAISINS, CITRON AND PICES of all kinds.
For sale by
April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

RUMFORD'S YEAST POWDERS,
For sale by the dozen, at
April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

40 SACKS N C FAMILY FLOUR.
Just received and for sale by
April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

10 SACKS RIO COFFEE
For sale by
April 10-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Molasses, Molasses!

50 HDDS. NEW CROP CARDENAS MOLASSES, arriving and to arrive at
April 10-tf UPCHURCH & DODD'S.

Notice.

THE BILLS OF THE GAS COMPANY WILL be presented, from this time until the 25th day of April. The rule of the Company, SHUT-TO-OFF, will be applied to all persons in arrears, if bills are not settled by that day.
C. B. ROOT,
April 10 2t President.

TWENTY-SECOND ANNUAL STATEMENT
OF THE CONDITION OF THE
Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Co.,
January 31st, 1868.

Balance per statement Jan. 31, 1867,		$13,956,939 94
Deduct accrued Interest last Annual statement,		376,314 60
		13,470,325 34
Income from Premiums	$6,284,695.17	
Income from Interest received and accrued,	1,246 191 72	
	$7,530,886 89	
Deduct, paid Medical Examinations, Salaries Stationery, Printing, Advertising,	$ 121 749 99	
Commissions to Agents,	733 097 26	
Taxes	88,372 85	
Surplus premiums returned to assured	656,916 00	
For surrendered policies,	227 602 25	
Losses,	1,793 347 68	
	3,621,909 04	1 508,896 95
		$17 959 222 29
Increased value of Bonds and Stocks over cost,		189,399 45
Balance 31st January, 1868,		$18 148 621 74

ASSETS.

Cash on deposit,	$43 231 65
Real Estate at Cost,	152,359 46
Loans on Bonds and Mortgage of Real Estate,	
United States Securities at Market value	5 344,187 25
	2,598,440 00
Bonds of the State of Connecticut,	1,015 000 00
Bonds of the Cities of Evansville and Toledo,	5 000 00
Bank and Railroad Stocks,	82,350 00
Loans on Stocks and Bonds	190,795 00
Premium Notes,	7,612 457 67
Premiums in the hands of Agents and in transit,	307,935 73
Interest accrued,	322,691 80
	$18,148,621.74

W. S. OLMSTED, Secretary.

Interest received more than pays losses.
Dividends average over 30 per cent.
All policies non-forfeitable for a stated amount.
Assurance can be effected in all forms desired.
S. D. WAIT, General Ag't.,
April 9-4t Raleigh, N. C.

CHEESE! CHEESE!

Twenty Boxes prime FACTORY CHEESE just arrived at UPCHURCH & DODD'S.
April 8-tf

SUPT. OFFICE, N. C. RAILROAD CO., Company Shops, N. C., April 1, 1868.

On and after this date the following will be the Schedule for Passenger Trains over this Road:

Leave Charlotte daily	11.36 P. M.
" Salisbury	2.07 A. M.
" Greensboro'	5.05 A. M.
" Raleigh	9 41 A. M.
Arrive at Goldsboro'	12 25 P. M.
Leave Goldsboro'	12.30 P. M.
" Raleigh	3.20 P. M.
" Greensboro'	7.17 P. M.
" Salisbury	9 56 P. M.
Arrive at Charlotte	11.35 P. M.

Through passengers by this line have choice of routes via Greensboro' and Danville to Richmond, or via Raleigh and Weldon to Richmond or Portsmouth, arriving at all points North of Richmond at the same time by either route.

Connection is made at Goldsboro' with Passenger trains on W. & W. Road to and from Wilmington, and to Weldon by freight trains. Also to Newbern on A. & N. C. Road.

Freight trains will leave Charlotte at 2 A. M., and arrive at 6 30 P. M.
April 1-tf JAMES ANDERSON, Supt.

SARDINES, SARDINES.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

FIGS, CURRANTS, CITRON AND RAISINS.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PEACHES.

Another lot of those fine Peaches, in 2 lb. cans, just received
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

WHITE PEPPER.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

LIFE INSURANCE.

ITS IMPORTANCE AND ITS BENEFITS ARE INCALCULABLE.

A COMPANY PAYING LOSSES PROMPTLY FOR A LONG SERIES OF YEARS, AND IS A stranger to litigation, is entitled to the confidence and patronage of our people. And such is the

ÆTNA LIFE COMPANY.

In addition to the very large amount of

$17,485,894.71

paid since its organization, may be added the following policies settled in North Carolina to the 1st March, 1868, thus providing support and comfort to the widow and orphan in their bereavement and distress:

Policy No.	15,275 settled	$ 5,000
" "	18 018 "	5,000
" "	18,607 "	5 000
" "	24,092 "	3,000
" "	27,512 "	10,000
" "	28,650 "	5,000
" "	4,974 "	5,000
" "	35 082 "	10,000
Total		$ 43 500.00

The value of all Insurance, either against fire or life, is to know on are investing in a Company of responsibility, and prompt action in discharging all just demands against it. Such is the ÆTNA, having now:

ASSETS, $8,000,000.



No. POLICIES 48,000.

DIVISIBLE SURPLUS $1,884,768,51.

DIVIDENDS, 50 per cent.

Fifty per cent Dividend is now being returned to all who have paid two plums, and the Dividends will be given ANNUALLY to all such hereafter, who are insured upon the Life plan.

The Ætna issues policies upon ages from 14 to 65.

The Ætna will give a policy upon which 10 payments may be paid, and nothing more will be required, though the party might live thirty or forty years, and after the payment of ten years he is entitled to the dividends of the Company so long as life continues.

The Ætna issues 10 years Endowment Policies to be paid at death or the specified time.

The Ætna gives a general permit to travel or reside in any part of the United States without any extra charge, and in all respects gives as many advantages to the insured as any other first-class Company.

W. H. McKEE, M. D., Examining Physician.
W. H. CROW, General Agent, Raleigh, N. C.
Mar 24—3m

PHŒNIX MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

EDSON FESSENDEN, President. | JAMES F. BURNS, Secretary.

IN PRESENTING THE CLAIMS OF THE PHŒNIX MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY, to the people of North Carolina, the Agent invites their attention to the following statements:

1. It is a Mutual Company, the profits being divided among the insured.
2. Its insured are allowed to travel and reside in any part of the United States and Europe, at all seasons of the year.
3. Its dividends have averaged 50 per cent yearly, and are payable on the amount of premium paid by the insured.
4. Its policies are all NON-FORFEITING.
5. Its losses have been met by the annual interest received alone,—and a surplus of interest left over to swell the general fund belonging to the insured.
6. It has paid over $300,000 of losses, and NEVER CONTESTED A CLAIM.
7. Its rates of assurance are as close as any Company doing a safe business.
8. IT WILL NOT INSURE AN UNSOUND LIFE.
9. One half the premium will be received in the note of the insured,—which note, in case of death, is NEVER deducted from the face of the policy.
10. IT HAS NO CONNECTION WITH FIRE INSURANCE.

Relative character of the Companies operating in North Carolina, as to their Assets and Liabilities, taken from the New York Insurance Report for the year 1867, which is the last report—showing how much of Assets each Company has to meet each dollar of Liability:

PHŒNIX MUTUAL	$1 76
ÆTNA	1 31
BROOKLYN	1 13
CONNECTICUT MUTUAL	1 05
EQUITABLE	1 24
MANHATTAN	1 12

The PHŒNIX MUTUAL offers peculiar inducements to citizens of the Southern States—its regulations with regard to residence and travel being almost unrestricted.

These statements are made from impartial reports in the hands of the Agents of the Company.

Principal Office, HARTFORD, CONN.

For further information, apply to the Travelling Agents, or to

WILLIAM H. BAGLEY,
General Agent for North Carolina,
Jan. 1—12t 3m Raleigh, N. C.

BROOKLYN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.



ABSOLUTELY NO RESTRICTION UPON TRAVEL OR RESIDENCE

ALL POLICIES POSITIVELY NON-FORFEITABLE.

☞ Part of the premium loaned, and *no loan or premium note is a lien or claim* on the policy in case of death after the second year. ☜

THIS COMPANY OFFERS PECULIAR ADVANTAGES TO THE SOUTHERN PEOPLE. IT IS the most

LIBERAL COMPANY IN THE UNITED STATES.

Its rates being lower than those of other Companies.

Office, No. 141 Broadway, New York City.

WM. M. COLE, Secretary. | CHRISTIAN W. BOUCK, Pres.

Information gladly furnished in detail, by

A. W. LAWRENCE,
General Agent for the State of North Carolina.
Raleigh, N. C., March 25—1868-3m

AGRICULTURAL AND BUILDING LIME.

I have made arrangements for supplying, for any and all purposes, and in any quantity, good STONE LIME, on the lowest possible terms, and can deliver it at any of the Depots on the Railroads, at short notice.
April 2-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agt.

NOTICE.

The copartnership of C. P. Mendenhall & Co., is this day (March 6th) dissolved—name of firm only to be used in *Liquidation*.
A. D. McLEOD, 37 and 39 South Calvert Street, Baltimore, is authorized to receive payment of debts due the late firm, and make payments.
April 3 4t CYRUS P. MENDENHALL & CO.

BOARDING HOUSE,
NEWBERN, N. C.

MRS. S. J. CARROWAY has opened a BOARDING HOUSE, for the accommodation of her friends and the public, at the Cole House, on Pollock Street Newbern, a few steps West of the Railroad, where she is prepared to furnish excellent accommodation to ladies and gentlemen, who may favor her with a call. Terms moderate.
April 2-1m

WE ARE REQUESTED to announce Gen. WILLIAM R. COX, of Wake, as a candidate for Solicitor of this (the 6th.) Judicial District.
March 28—tc.

200 BUSHELS SWEET POTATO PLANTINGS in Store and for sale by
April 4-2t LYNN ADAMS.

ENGLISH AND FRENCH MUSTARD.
At
April 6-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

BUCKWHEAT,—LAST OF THE SEASON.
For sale by
April 6—tf DOUGLAS BELL.

Henry T. Jordan,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,
ROXBORO', N. C.
WILL ATTEND THE COURTS OF PERSON, Caswell and Granville. Special attention given to collecting, to cases in BANKRUPTCY and to all matters in U. S. Circuit Court.
Dec 27-tf

THE SENTINEL.

LOCAL DEPARTMENT.

MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868.

FOR CONGRESS.
SAMUEL T. WILLIAMS,
OF GRANVILLE.

Mr. Ashe's Appointments.

Hon. Thomas S. Ashe will address his fellow-citizens, at the following places:

Dobson, Monday, 13th.
Germanton, Wednesday, 15th.
Salem, Thursday, 17th.

CONSERVATIVE CANVASS.

Col. E. D. Hall, candidate for Lieut. Governor, will address the people at the following times and places, viz:

Hertford, Perquimans county, Thursday, April 14th.

Elizabeth City, Pasquotank county, Wednesday, April, 15th.

South Mills, Camden county, Thursday, April 16th.

SAML. T. WILLIAMS, ESQ.

The Conservative candidate for Congress in this District will address the people at the following times and places:

Pittsboro',	Chatham		April	14.
Dorsett's,	"		"	15.
Harper's X Roads,	"		"	16.
Bear Creek,	"		"	17.
Hillsboro',	Orange		"	18.
Oxford,	Granville	Monday	"	20.
Brassfields,	"	Tuesday	"	21.

Grand Conservative Mass Meeting at Henderson, on Friday, 17th of April.

All Conservatives, and others, who feel an interest in the welfare of our noble old commonwealth, and who desire to co-operate in a united effort to defeat Radicalism and vindicate the honor, integrity and conservatism of North Carolina, are respectfully and earnestly solicited to attend a Mass Meeting and Barbecue at Henderson, on Friday, 17th, of April. Speakers of great ability and popularity will deliver addresses on the vital issues of the day. Come, Conservatives, one and all!

A Card.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Having heard that it is rumored in the county that I am a member of the Union League and in favor of the ratification of the proposed Constitution, I feel called upon to state that the rumor is palpably false, and that I am opposed to the adoption of the Constitution, and shall use whatever influence I have to defeat it, believing it to be a duty I owe to my posterity. THOS. L. BANKS.

APRIL 11, 1868.

We publish the above card with pleasure. Dr. Banks is one of our most substantial citizens, and we have not been willing to put him down as an opposer of a white man's government. The announcement will be highly gratifying to his numerous friends.

REGISTRATION closed on Saturday. The final footing up, in this city, for the five days, is: Whites 181, Negroes 147.

REGISTRATION at Morrisville, (Second Board,) up to Friday night, footed up: Whites 52, negroes 9. The "52" are all right.

ANOTHER Mass Meeting in Wilmington on Tuesday. Hon. Geo. Davis and A. M. Waddell, Esq., will address the people.

COL. W. L. STEELE is the White Man's candidate for the Senate in Moore and Richmond.

THAT foul villain, Hunnicutt, of Virginia, was in Tarboro, a few days since.

HON. ASA BIGGS, Hon. J. R. Stubbs and J. E. Moore, Esq., are canvassing Martin thoroughly.

REGISTRATION in Wilmington for four days: Whites 347, Negroes 426.

LITTLEFIELD dodged a discussion with the Conservatives, at Scotland Neck, on the 7th inst.

THANKS to W. J. Linebery and W. J. Edwards, of Chatham,—good Conservatives and clever gentlemen,—for a club of fourteen subscribers to the *Sentinel.*

THE *Independent Press*, of Concord, has entered upon its second volume. It is, as its name imports, an *independent* journal, of great merit, and we wish it all success.

THIRTY FOUR white men of Stanly county announce their withdrawal from the "Union League." They say that they cannot stand negro-supremacy.

DISCOURAGED.—We are informed that the scallawag candidates in this County are completely disheartened. The people do not turn out to hear them,—not even the negroes. At almost every appointment, they have been received with a "beggarly account of empty benches." This has had the effect of cooling them off so completely, that some of them fail to meet their own appointments.

Tim Lee goes to all, we believe,—and goes in dashing style, with flags flying and fast horses. Timothy is *fast*, but hardly fast enough to be elected Sheriff of Wake. Dave *laughs* at him. He says he puts on mighty fine, but he hasn't got the *bottom!*

THE MEETING AT EARPSBORO.—We have only time to say, this morning, that the meeting at Earpsboro, in Johnston, on Saturday, was every way a success. Mr. Williams, our candidate for Congress, Judge Fowle, and our young friends, T. P. Devereux, jr., and George H. Snow, of this city, made capital and effective speeches. Further notice hereafter. Johnston is O. K.

"HONORS ARE EASY."—A Radical newspaper correspondent speaks of Dave Jenkins, of Gaston, as the "*Hon.* David A. Jenkins," of little Russell, of Brunswick, as "*Hon.* D. L. Russell," and of Secesh Thomas, of Carteret, as "*Hon.* C. R. Thomas."

john pool made a Radical speech in the Court House, on Saturday night. The meeting was a tame affair.

THE WEST IS ALL RIGHT!

[EXTRACTS FROM LETTERS.]

A friend, writing from Macon County, says:

"We intend to give the nigger-Yankee Constitution thunder. *Many*, heretofore Radicals, curse it openly. The Leagues are on the wane. This is *certain*. In the Fall and Winter, they turned out in battalions. Now 10 or 15 is the most they can rally. This is also so in Jackson. Moreover, the nominees of the Rads for County offices are the laughing stock of the whole County. I am so glad to tell you *everybody is at work*. Thank God for that!"

Extract of a letter, dated Morganton, April 10:

"Mr. Ashe made a very fine and decided impression here.

All right in Caldwell and in fact all through this section. The people are more excited and aroused than I have seen them since 1844. WE WILL DEFEAT THE CONSTITUTION."

Extract from a letter, dated Salisbury, April 10:

"The Conservative fires are burning brightly in this part of the country. Every corner of Rowan is being canvassed. Our canvassers and others speak nearly every night in the country school houses and once a week in the Club. We won't hear to less than 500 majority for old Rowan. No man should be idle now, for NOW OR NEVER is the time with us. Should the other party succeed, I shrink from the horrors that await our people."

We echo the patriotic language of the writer: NO MAN SHOULD BE IDLE NOW! NOW OR NEVER IS THE TIME!!

THE WHITE MEN FORBEARING.—Two notable instances of this fact have just occurred in our midst.

On Saturday, notices of Conservative and scalawag meetings, at the Court House, for that night, were cotemporaneously posted. Apprehending disturbance, from the known desire of certain parties, black and so-called white, to create one, the white men resolved to postpone their meeting and thus avoid its possibility.—They will have a grand rally at the Court House, on Wednesday evening, and will be addressed by Hon. Sion H. Rogers and others.

Again: We learn that W. D. Jones, with consummate effrontery, trenched upon the Conservative appointment at Franklin's on Saturday, and actually sought, while Mr. Bledsoe was speaking, to speak *from his buggy* in the road. No one paid the slightest attention to him, except two or three of his negro brethren; and after ranting, until he was red in the face, he cooled down, abashed and ashamed, (at least he ought to have been.) Who will not say that great forbearance was practiced towards this braggart? But the white men are *law-abiding.*

WHITE MEN OF NORTH CAROLINA!—Your all is at stake. Your honor and interests,—the welfare of your wives and children,—are involved in the defeat of the *negro equality, taxation, confiscating* Constitution! You have but one week left to work in. If that infamous Constitution is adopted, North Carolina will not be a fit State for poor men, peaceable men, law-abiding men, genuine *white* men, to live in. Brownlow's rule will be merciful and benignant, compared to that of the negro-worshipping scallawags, who are seeking to get into power, for the oppression and degradation of our native white population!

THE EDENTON DISTRICT.—The Conservative Convention for this District assembled at Edenton on the 10th. A correspondent furnishes us a full and interesting account of its deliberations, which shall appear to-morrow. Henry A. Gilliam, Esq., was nominated for Solicitor. The Convention was ably addressed by Col. James W. Hinton, of Norfolk, H. A. Gilliam, Esq., Hon. W. N. H. Smith, P. H. Winston, Esq., and Col. W. F. Martin. The nominations are as excellent, as the spirit of the Convention was enthusiastic and glorious. Messrs. M. W. Ransom, D. M. Carter, P. H. Winston and R. H. Smith were appointed delegates to the New York Convention, and Messrs. Aug. M. Moore, P. T. Henry, J. M. Whedbee and D. D. Ferebee, Alternates.

LOOK OUT FOR FRAUDS.—So careful are the Radicals to prevent their evil deeds from coming to light, that they *bar up their presses*, and print their tickets in darkened rooms, to prevent their being seen. Some underhand game is to be played.

We take the foregoing from the Newbern *Journal of Commerce*. It is a "coincidence" that precisely the same "boxing up" process is practiced in this City, as well as Newbern. Presses are "boxed in," and secret tickets, or circulars, are being printed, which no one is allowed to see. Probably the Pressman is sworn to secrecy. We advise the people to be on the alert. Some clandestine rascality is going on!

STANLY ALL RIGHT.—The Editor of the Concord *Press* has conversed with a gentleman, who heard the speech of the Hon. Josiah Turner, at Albemarle, and he reports cheering news from Stanly. Numbers of deluded white men, and a considerable quantity of "men and brethren," are leaving the Union (so-called) Leagues. The people are fully aroused on the great issue of the day. Mr. Turner's speech had a most powerful effect, and Stanly will be all *right side up* for a *white man's government.* Push on the column!

"TIS PITIFUL—'TIS WONDROUS PITIFUL": To see Holden down in the very dust of humiliation, imploring Congress to remove his disabilities—and then to see the Radicals in Congress talking about asking *him* to get out of the way! They have no use for the old secesh sinner,—his penitence and abasement come too late.

"Get out de way, ole Dan Tucker,
You's *too late* to git your supper!"

HAYS, nigger, of Halifax, declines in favor of Eppes, nigger, for the *Senate*, in that County. Hays is satisfied to come to the House of Representatives (so called.) Poor old Halifax!

LET THIS be a week of *work*, WORK, WORK!!

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

WASHINGTON CITY, D. C., April 10.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—Under the name of reconstruction, and the pretence of restoration, Radical power, through its chosen negro agencies of the South, is about to enforce the deliberate usurpations matured during the last three years, upon the Southern people, and, if possible, to foreclose forever all opportunity and hope of recovery.

The central power of Radicalism has, thus far, and to this end, finished the work well, and now confides the remainder, for the sake of common decency, to the less responsible, though not more unscrupulous,—to the more reckless, though not less unprincipled—hands of the semi-barbarous negro agencies and their knavish allies of the South; knowing that however indecent, inhuman, or antagonistic to the laws of God and man, the duty may be in such brutal hands, the work will be executed well. The act of reconstruction is a mortgage upon the rights, liberties, interests, titles, and future prospects of the Southern people, and the only means left them of arresting the foreclosure of this mortgage is to *reject* the State Constitution offered them.

The Radical employer, and the negro agent, understand each other admirably well. Between the two, there is a perfect state of mutual confidence. The one commands, the other obeys. This is the sole principle upon which the system of what is called reconstruction is conducted. Thus when liberty declines, reconstruction begins. This is the ancient history of other Republics, which have travelled to that bourne from whence liberty never returns. A class feels itself aggrieved by actual or threatened oppression, resists, and in turn is crushed, while reconstruction, under various deceptive pleas, comes in and the work of despoiling freedom is concluded. Power usurps the place of liberty. And thus nations have, time and again, been reconstructed out of their rights. Thus reconstruction is a deceptive term, designed to blind the ignorant, while being robbed of freedom. Indeed, there is no contrivance so admirably calculated to deprive men of what are termed "inalienable rights." It is a convenient plea of unscrupulous parties, for taking advantage of opportunity, to change the character of government and institutions, to suit their special purposes. In nineteen instances in twenty, the reconstruction of a republican form of government means simply that it has served its purpose as such, and is about to be converted into a despotism. The original model of a Republic is always the best. What are termed improved copies are always spurious.

When the war closed, Radicalism beheld the prospect of early peace, and restoration, and shuddered at the scene. The Satanic designs and unscrupulous motives of that party joined in the machination to prevent such consummations, if possible, because such were opposed to party despotism.—Reconstruction is the measure adopted specially with a view of defeating these ends. Those in the South, who for a moment imagine that reconstruction contains a remedy for existing evils, are grossly mistaken. It perpetuates every political and social evil at present existing, and adds others to the list, in the form of negro rule. Robespierre, Danton, and Marat were all zealous and ardent reconstructionists, as much so indeed as any of the modern type, and like them attempted to base their system of reconstruction upon the downfall of intelligence, virtue and refinement, and the elevation to power of the most vicious class in France. But an indignant and outraged world strangled the monster before it grew to full proportions. All usurpers come under the pretense of reconstructing and improving the social and political condition of mankind. Those who originated the present system, manifestly intended to create the impression that it meant restoration, but such in truth is the farthest object from the true design. On the contrary, in truth, it was originally intended to counteract that principle. It is a covenant between the Radical and the negro, based upon the sordid and selfish cupidity of the former, and the lust and licentiousness of the latter. The very powers and principles of reconstruction imply an unbridled license for the wildest excesses in the disorganization of law and order, confided to hands which are known to scruple at nothing. There are two important classes, both North and South, the action of which must exert a vital influence on the progress of this question.—One is honest, well meaning, and unsuspecting of the design, nature and purport of reconstruction, while the other is fully aware of its corruptions, dangers and evil purposes. The former honestly, but erroneously, believes it a corrective for the unfortunate evils which exist. The latter embraces it as a favored opportunity, to be used for the most selfish and inhuman purposes. Thus there is a large class of influential people, which honestly, but ruinously, confounds reconstruction with restoration. The designs of the corrupt cannot succeed, without the error of the unsuspecting. Many of the honest and the upright, appalled at the magnitude of existing evils, and conscientiously concerned for the welfare of the country, have mistaken the cause for the remedy. They have lost sight of the fact that reconstruction has been in progress for three years, and still vainly hope that there is yet in it something good in store for them. Three years of reconstruction have been more disastrous to material and social interests, to human rights, and prosperity, than the war itself. Still good is hoped for, in the perpetuation of the evil. All know and feel that there is something wrong. The South realizes the fact, to the fullest extent, and while reconstruction is steadily crushing the vital interests of the country, knaves and fools join in the clamor for more reconstruction; the one knowing, the other ignorant, of the fact, that within this is contained the cause of all our troubles. How utterly different the motives of these two characters! The one advocates it as the source of those evils upon which corrupt men live and flourish, while the other expects good from it which can never be realized. Shall true restoration begin now, when it has become indispensable to save the decline of the country, or shall it be indefinitely postponed by the adoption of the reconstruction?—Shall the land be submerged into the chaos of a reconstruction fraught with incalculable difficulties, into the corrupt mazes of which the restoration of justice and right may be forever lost? These are vital and critical questions which the South cannot afford to ignore. If the people of the South are disposed to submit tamely, because of intimidation, let them remember that timidity is not a virtue, neither is it calculated to insure respect. There is yet a constitutional means in their hands, by which they may be saved from taxation, confiscation, and degradation.

Those who desire the early restoration of peace, and prosperity, should remember, that reconstruction is the most effectual means of delaying and preventing that consummation. Reconstruction is not peace, nor does it propose peace, but is a state preparatory to eternal discord. It settles nothing but Radical power and negro supremacy. It leaves the white man divested and stripped of his rights and privileges, without a hope of their recovery. Reconstruction is designed to perpetuate error and not to correct it, to produce evil and not to prevent it. Under the guise of good, it means mischief. B. B.

Correspondence of the Sentinel.

RADICAL POW-WOW AT CHAPEL HILL—DEWEESE AND GUTHRIE (PAR NOBILE)—REGISTRATION.

CHAPEL HILL, April 11.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—While feelings of pride prompted and directed to your valuable columns our short report of the grand rally of white men at Orange, in this place, some days ago, feelings of disgust for the so-called whites, and pity for the deluded blacks, force us to say a word in regard to the black and tan assemblage that disturbed our quiet a day or two since.

The *whites* had their day, bright and glorious, with all that could have been desired in the way of a political feast—not only hearing the issues of the day fully and ably handled, and the wicked designs of the Radical party brought to light, but the pleasure of a shaking of hands between the most intelligent, industrious, virtuous and best citizens from different portions of the county; an assemblage of men truly representing the sentiment of the people of this section.

The *blacks* have had theirs,—its surroundings not differing from the many of the kind that not only your community, but many others, have been annoyed with, for some time past; and for words to express the contrast we are certainly at a loss.

The extensive hand bills posted hereabouts, some days ago, led many to suppose that the occasion was to have been a grand Radical jubilee—the meeting to be addressed by J. H. Harris, (nigger,) *Hon.* (?) J. T. Deweese, Attorney General (!) W. M. Coleman, and *other distinguished* speakers.

Feeling so little interest in the affair, we knew not *what* distinguished gentlemen had arrived, until the hour for the speaking, when our attention was attracted by an unusually large crowd wending their way boisterously to the spot selected for the "able speakers" to unbosom themselves to their colored brethren. On the one side of the street, and a little in advance of the main column, we saw the speakers, H. B. Guthrie, and J. T. Deweese, (better known in this community as the "*Bankrupt* man,") with three or four whites and half a dozen blacks straggling after; while, on the opposite side, a large body of negroes, all seemingly very happy in anticipation of the approaching feast. We naturally inquired for Harris, the *Attorney General*, and *other* ABLE speakers that were expected—but no reply.

The *Attorney General* probably did not dare to face his *Alma Mater*, in such ranks, within whose classic walls he had such opportunities to elevate his mind, and make of himself a man.

A few of our good white citizens, through curiosity, attended the meeting, but between them and *the* audience could easily be distinguished a perfect line of demarcation, indicating, as it were, a fear to get in contact with the unclean thing. A half hour, however, had not elapsed, ere their places were yielded in disgust, leaving an audience composed of a handful of whites and a large body of negroes, before whom the aspirant for Congressional honors poured forth his eloquence for two hours, greatly to their delight, as evinced by their frequent applause. He claimed the *authorship* of the Militia Bill, as embodied in the proposed Constitution, and thought few men in the State could know better its true intent.

The only speakers were H. B. Guthrie and this man Deweese. We can truly say, that their "glorious" meeting has availed them nothing, and we would be glad that other places, in the good old State, will act as nobly, on such occasions, as did the people of Chapel Hill yesterday.

There were eleven whites and five blacks registered at this place, yesterday, and twenty whites, and one black at White Cross, to-day, and even the *negro* cries, "Hurrah for the Conservative party." B.

From the Concord Press.

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr.

IMMENSE OUTPOURING OF WHITE MEN!

GREAT ENTHUSIASM!!

On last Saturday Josiah Turner, Jr., addressed one of the largest audiences that it has been our lot to witness in this place.—He was to have addressed the people in the Court House, but it was found that it would not contain one-third of the crowd, so they repaired to the grove at the Lutheran Church where he was listened to with marked attention for three hours. We have seen many large assemblages of men, but we have never seen such perfect order and quiet prevail.

Mr. Turner showed up the Radical party in unmeasured style. He went into the cause of Radicalism, and showed the people how the thing was affecting the whole country. He then took the nigger Constitution in hand, and he effectually riddled it; he told the people if they wanted peace and comfort, to vote the Constitution down; if they wanted another war to vote for the Constitution; if they wanted everlasting DISGRACE, vote for it; if they wanted NEGRO EQUALITY, vote for it; if they wanted HIGH TAXES, vote for it; if they wanted to see the good old State plunged in a vortex of infamy, vote for it; in short, he so completely dissected that infamous document, that there were many present, of different views from his, who, after hearing him, came away with the idea of voting against the Constitution.

His speech was characterized throughout by sound logic and plain *facts*, and we are informed, by one who knows, that several Red Stringsts expressed a determination to come out of the order, and vote with the Conservatives. Several negroes were heard to say that they were satisfied from Mr. Turner's speech, that they had been made tools of by the Radicals for party purposes, and that they intended to "put in their tickets" with white gentlemen. On the whole, we are satisfied that the speech was productive of much good to the Conservative cause.

SCALLAWAG.—This word has performed a conspicuous part in the political drama of the day. It is a very popular term, and strikes the ear impressively. But whence came it? Who knows its etymology? Where is *Jeemes Fost Taylord?* Twenty years ago he carried a Cobb's Johnson in the pocket of his spike-tail. What does *his* dictionary says? We learn that Walter Scott uses it in one of his novels. A friend, an Englishman, tells us that it was used in England quite twenty-five years ago. It evidently belongs to the same class of words that SCALD, *a*, (paltry; sorry; scurvy; scabby,) SCALD HEAD, *s*, (a kind of local leprosy,) SCALL, *s*, (leprosy, see Lev. xiii.) SCALLED, *a*, (scurfy, scabby,) and SCALLION, &c. do. Shakespeare spells *scalled* with two l's.—Scallawag ought to be spelt with two l's instead of one, and means a dirty, mangy, scurvy, leprous, mean fellow. Holden is a scallawag.

If any one knows more than the above, out with it.—*Warrenton Indicator.*

THE GREAT and paramount issue is: SHALL NEGROES or WHITE MEN RULE NORTH CAROLINA! All other issues are secondary and subordinate, and should be kept so.

GEN. GRANT'S VENGEANCE.—The soldiers at Carlisle Barracks, Pa., having passed resolutions declaring their sympathy with Mr. Johnson, Gen. Grant issued an order assigning the commander of the post, Gen. Grier, to duty with his regiment of cavalry, in Missouri, and ordering Gen. Hatch to his place for two years. A subsequent order notifies the new commander to prepare detachments of recruits from time to time, and forward them to Fort Leavenworth, Kansas, where they will be assigned to duty.

Thus these poor soldiers are to be sent to the wilds of the West for saying a word in favor of their constitutional commander-in-chief, while Gen. Grant may declare that the President ought to be removed from office, without even having to stand a trial for insubordination.

MICHIGAN gave 29,000 Radical majority, last year. This year, an otherwise unexceptionable Constitution is voted down by 30,000 majority, BECAUSE it gave the few negroes in that great Radical State the right of suffrage! These be your *friends*, ye colored dupes!

NEGRO CANDIDATES.—We are anxious to obtain a complete list of all the negro candidates for office in this State, in the approaching election. We will be specially obliged to any of our friends, in the several counties, who will send us the names, color, pedigree and general character of any or all negroes who are candidates for office in their respective counties. Please do this, immediately.

Several of our cotemporaries, in different sections of the State, occasionally, "pitch into" our neighbor of the *Republican.* To these, one and all, we say, gentlemen, you are poaching upon our manor—that game is ours—we keep it for our own use. Each has his own particular case to attend to, and (to change the figure) we ask in the language of another, will not

"Things have come to a de'il of a pass,
When a man can't wallop his own J——k——s?"
—*Newbern Journal of Commerce.*

A CONVERT.—Col. Ed. Cantwell, of Oxford, has "jined" the niggers. So the leading scallawags of Granville at present are Lassiter, Grissom, Cantwell, and Ragland. Grissom and Cantwell were officers in the Confederate army. Grissom says he is acting from policy. What actuates Lassiter and Cantwell? "Is not Brutus an honorable man?"—*Warrenton Indicator.*

RADICAL FAITH TO THE NEGRO.—The *Tribune* says:

"The Democrats of Londonderry, N. H., supported a colored man for one of their town officers at the late election. The Republicans did not vote for him, and he was defeated."

And why did they not vote for him? And why, if they proscribe colored persons at home, do they try to force the Southern people to submit to negro domination?—*N. Y. Irish Citizen.*

WHICH IS BETTER, a system of State government, devised by Gaston, Macon, Daniel, Morehead, and other *North Carolina* patriots, or a system devised by New England adventurers, based upon Yankee notions and prejudices, adapted to New England wants, and adopted by scallawags and negroes?

THEN.

"WHO WILL PLOT FOR THE HEADS OF ABE LINCOLN AND GEN. SCOTT?"
—*W. W. Holden, June 5th, 1861.*

NOW.

"Our beloved State will once more put on the garments of prosperity; and our people will be contented and happy through the long ages reserved for the existence of the government which Washington established, and which LINCOLN labored and died to preserve!

Fraternally yours,
W. W. HOLDEN, President.
JAS H. HARRIS, 1st Vice Pres.
A. H. JONES, 2nd Vice Pres.
C. W. HOBNER, Sec'y."

(Closing sentence of the address to the U. L. A. in N. B. January, 31, 1868.)

PUBLIC SPEAKING.

The candidates for the Legislature, and for the different County offices, will address the people at

Sorrell's,	Monday,	April	13
Hayes' Store,	Tuesday,	"	14
Oak Grove,	Wednesday,	"	15
Thompson's,	Thursday,	"	16
Laws',	Friday,	"	17
Forestville,	Saturday,	"	18

RUFUS K. FERRELL,
March 17th, 1868. Sheriff.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Our Afternoon Dispatches.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, April 11, M.

HOUSE.—Mr. Woodward introduced a bill to test the constitutionality of questionable acts of Congress; which was referred to the Judiciary Committee. The act provides that the Attorney General shall bring any bill voted by the President on the ground of unconstitutionality and passed over the veto, before the Supreme Court on a special issue. The decision of the Supreme Court on such feigned issue shall be valid.

SENATE.—The Managers asked an amendment to the rules, whereby each side might speak without limitation as to numbers.

Howard objected, and the motion goes over.

Gen. Thomas was again on the stand undergoing a perplexing cross-examination by Butler.

Gen. Sherman is on the stand. The Managers object to his evidence.

Another very sharp contest is pending.

TERRIBLE ACCIDENT AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, April 11, M.

St. Mary's Cathedral was densely crowded, on yesterday, when an alarm of fire caused a rush and a portion of the galleries fell. Three women were killed, and many hurt.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 11, M.

Stocks active. Money 7. Gold 1.38¾. Virginias, 49. Tennessees, 66.

Cotton decidedly firmer, with good demand. Sales of 3,000 bales at 31.

Turpentine quiet at 66.

Rosin steady at 3,35 for strained.

Our Midnight Dispatches.

IMPEACHMENT.

WASHINGTON, April 11, P. M.

SENATE.—Continued:—Elicited from General Thomas:—The President's words to him were "go and take charge of the War Office," instead of "possession of the War Office."

General Sherman was here in the middle of December, and had several interviews with the President, too, in company with Gen. Grant.

The Managers objected to receiving declarations of the President.

Judge Chase said no question was yet asked.

Stanbery asked:—Did the President ask if you would take charge of the War Department on Stanton's removal?

Butler objected.

Gen. Sherman said he had an interview with the President, in Grant's presence, the day Stanton resumed his office.

Stanbery asked, did the interview relate to Stanton's occupancy of the War Office?

Sherman.—It did.

Stanbery.—What was the purpose?

Butler objected.

Stanbery reduced the question to writing:

"In that interview, what was said about Stanton's return to the War Department?"

Butler objected.

Chase thought the question admissible.

Conness appealed—ayes and nays demanded.

The matter was now discussed very sharply, at some length. Butler interrupting Stanbery repeatedly.

Stanbery insisted on his right to say what they intended to prove, and should go on, unless the Senate ordered him to stop. He would prove that the President wanted Sherman to take the war office, to secure a judicial decision.

Stanbery, Evarts, Butler and Wilson participated, and Stanbery called on the Chief Justice, during the debate, to stop Butler's personal aspersions.

After a recess, Chase restated his opinion, that the question was admissible, under yesterday's ruling, because, like that of yesterday its purpose was to elicit the President's intention.

The question was then put, and the question was ruled out, 23 to 28

Among the Republicans voting with the Minority were Sumner, Fessenden, Fowler, Sprague, Van Winkle, Anthony, Grimes, Morgan, Trumbull and Willey.

Stanbery asked Sherman what he knew about the Department of the Atlantic?

After discussion, the Senate declined to hear the answer, without division.

Stanbery then asked if the President tendered Sherman the position of Secretary of War, *ad interim?*

Butler objected.

The Senate decided to hear the answer.

The President tendered Sherman the office, on two occasions viz: January 25th and 30th.

Stanbery asked if anything else occurred between the witness and the President, concomitant to the offer when it was first made.

Butler objected and the Senate refused to hear the answer—23 to 29.

Stanbery asked if the President had, in any interview, stated that his intention, in offering the witness the appointment, was to bring the matter before the Supreme Court.

Objected to, and the Senate refused to hear the answer—7 to 41—it being regarded as a leading question.

Stanbery desired to amend the question, but was interrupted by the following question, by Senator Henderson: Whether the President, in any interview, had expressed any intention with regard to making the appointment?

The Senate refused to hear the answer, by 25 to 2[illegible].

The Court and Senate adjourned.

FROM GEORGIA.

AUGUSTA, April 11, P. M

In order that there may be fairness in the approaching election, Gen. Meade directs that the ballot-box shall not be opened, nor the votes counted, nor any information of the progress of the election be given, till the polls are closed—after voting is closed, the managers shall elect two men of character from each party who shall be permitted to be present at the counting of the ballots, so as to witness and verify such counting.

MARKETS.

NEW YORK, April 11, P. M.

Cotton decidedly higher, under active speculative demand. Sales of 7,500 bales at 31.

Turpentine 65@66.

Gold 1.38¾

BALTIMORE, April 10, P. M.

Cotton active at 30

Flour active and unchanged.

SPECIAL NOTICES

JUST RECEIVED AT R. ROSENBAUM'S 75 Pieces, the classical Brands, of BLEACHED AND UNBLEACHED SHIRTINGS AND SHEETINGS.

To be sold at lowest market rates.

Feb 18-163-tf

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.

AN Essay for Young Men on the Crime of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address, Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa.

Feb 1-148-3m.

MISCELLANEOUS

New Spring and Summer Goods for 1868.

CHEAP FOR CASH.

LOOK OUT FOR A. CREECH!

JUST RECEIVED, $15,000 worth of new Spring and Summer Goods, which must, at a low rate, be sold within the next sixty days, if possible, if you want

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

I have a beautiful assortment of the various styles and latest importations. It is a well known fact, and universally admitted, that

CREECH'S IS THE PLACE

to buy your goods. This can be, and is substantiated daily, by hundreds.

If you want Cassimeres Tweeds, Kentucky Jeans, Cotton and Linen Goods of all descriptions, and

At Low Prices,

suitable for gentlemen, boys and children's wear, CREECH'S is the place to look for them.

Why, you may go up one side of Fayetteville Street and down the other; yes, and then the cross streets, and you will be bound to come to the conclusion that CREECH'S is the place you had better do your trading. If you want

LADIES' BONNETS,

trimmed or untrimmed, CREECH'S is the place to get them. If you wish to purchase any style of

LADIES, MISSES OR CHILDREN'S HATS,

don't buy until you have seen CREECH'S, or you will miss a great bargain, as he has one of the largest and most beautiful assortments in the City. If you are looking for

MEN'S, BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S HATS,

Ladies, Men and Children's Shoes, why if you stop at Creech's you will surely be suited in style, quality and price.

I told the people, some time ago, that there was no House in the City that could or would sell goods cheaper than I, and now I intend to keep my word. I said then what I meant, and now mean what I say. So don't fail to come to CREECH'S, on R. Smith's corner.

A. CREECH,
April 8-2w Fayetteville Street.

ORANGES AND LEMONS.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

DRY GOODS.

1868. SPRING. 1868.

HULL, ATKINSON & CO.,

228 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE,

OFFER their large and elegant stock of Bergen, French and American DRY GOODS, at the lowest prices to cash and prompt buyers.

Orders promptly executed.

Robt. Hull,
Thos. W. Atkinson,
Saml. Hunter,
Wm. J. Hull,
S. Harris Hopkins.

Mar 21—3m* HULL, ATKINSON & CO.

BUGGIES AND ROCKAWAYS
AT
REDUCED PRICES!!

WE have now on hand a very large and complete stock of BUGGIES, ROCKAWAYS AND HARNESS, Which we offer at greatly reduced prices.

A. A. McKETHAN & SONS,
Fayetteville, N. C., March 14, 1868—3mw

CANNED PEACHES, TOMATOES AND OYSTERS At TONNOFFSKI'S.

COX'S GELATINE. At TONNOFFSKI'S.

IN Store and for Sale low. 100 Choice Maryland hams At TONNOFFSKI'S

Feb 3-150-tf

Greensboro' Money Market.

BUYING RATES OF BANK NOTES, &c. BY WILSON & SHOBER, BANKERS AND EXCHANGE DEALERS, SOUTH ELM STREET, GREENSBORO, N. C.

Bank of N. C.		[illegible]
"	Cape Fear	21
"	Charlotte	21
"	Wadesboro	[illegible]
"	Wilmington	27
"	Roxboro	[illegible]
"	Thomasville	20
"	Graham	[illegible]
"	Lexington (old)	19
"	" (new)	[illegible]
"	Commerce	13
"	Clarendon	4
"	Fayetteville	10
"	Washington	3
"	Yanceyville	5
Merchants' Bank of Newbern		60
Farmers' Bank of Greensboro', (old)		28
" " " (new)		12
Miners' and Planters' Bank		40
Commercial Bank of Wilmington		27
Greensboro Mutual Ins. Co., (old)		4
Virginia Bank Notes average about		25
South Carolina "		15
Georgia "		25

We buy and sell at liberal prices, Gold and Silver, North Carolina Bonds, United States Bonds and all other marketable stocks.

Orders for Bank notes by debtors and Stockholders of Banks will receive prompt attention.

Returns for express packages of Bank notes &c., will be made on the day received, by check on New York or Baltimore, or in currency, as desired.

Life and Fire Insurance Policies issued in good Companies, at best rates.

Oct. 30-298-3m

Raleigh Money Market.

CORRECTED BY JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO., BROKERS, RALEIGH, N. C.

PRICES OF NORTH CAROLINA BANK NOTES:

Bank of N. C., (Gold 25) (Silver 26) G. B.		55
"	Cape Fear	28½
"	Charlotte	30
"	Lexington, at Graham, new 10, old	18
"	Roxborough	61
"	Wadesborough	26
"	Thomasville	20
"	Wilmington	27½
"	Commerce	17
"	Washington	3
"	Fayetteville	10
"	Clarendon	4
"	Yanceyville	24
Miners' and Planter's Bank		40
Farmers' Bank, Greensborough, new 10, old		27
Commercial Bank, Wilmington		27
Merchant's Bank, Newbern		60
Greensborough Mutual		4
Virginia Bank Notes, about		25
South Carolina "		73
Georgia "		73
Gold		138
Silver		130
Old Coupons		42
North Carolina Railroad Coupons		87½
Old Sixes		50
Exchange on New York		¼

PROVISION MARKET.

CORRECTED BY JORDAN WOMBLE, GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT.

BACON	17@22½
" BAL'T. & WESTERN	16@20
BEEF ON HOOF	8@10
" NETT	[illegible]
BUTTER	[illegible]
COTTON	23@25
CHICKENS, Spring	15@[illegible]
" Grown	20@25
CORN	1 40@1 50
COFFEE	22½@40
EGGS	17½@20
FLOUR	10@16
FODDER	1 50@1 75
HERRINGS	$6 00@$10
HIDES—Green	5c pr. lb.
" Dry	12½@15
HAY	$1@125 pr. cwt.
LARD	18@20
MEAL	1 40@1 50
MOLASSES	55@75
NAILS	7½@10
PEAS—Stock	1 25@1 50
" White	2 00@2 50
POTATOES—Irish	1 50@2 50
" Sweet	1 00@1.25
RAGS	4@25
SALT—Fine	4 00@4 25
" Ground	3 00@3 50
SUGAR	13@22
TALLOW	10@12½
VINEGAR	35@75
MULLETS	$8 50@9 00

REMARKS.

Cotton active and higher, prices from 1 to 2 cents better. We quote sales to-day (Monday) at 24 and 25.

Butter scarce and in demand at good prices.

RALEIGH NATIONAL BANK
OF NORTH CAROLINA.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

R. W. PULLIAM, President.

W. H. WILLARD, GEO. W. SWEPSON,
A. S. MERRIMON, W. J. HAWKINS.

W. B. GULICK, Cashier.
C. J. IREDELL, Teller.

Deals in Bills of Exchange Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin and Government and other securities.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought at highest prices. Packages sent by Express will be remitted for promptly, in currency, or in New York funds at par.

PRICE CURRENT MARCH 21, 1868.

Bank of	Cape Fear,	28
"	Charlotte,	30
"	Clarendon,	4
"	Commerce,	17
"	Fayetteville,	10
"	Lexington, (old,)	18
"	" (new)	10
"	Lexington, payable at Graham,	22
"	North Carolina,	55
"	Roxboro',	50
"	Thomasville	20
"	Wadesboro',	26
"	Washington	3
"	Yanceyville	4
"	Wilmington,	27½
Commercial Bank, Wilmington,		27
Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, (old,)		27
" " " " (new.)		10
Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.,		4
Merchant's Bank, Newbern,		60
Miner's & Planter's Bank,		40

Jan 16-135-tf



A SAFE, CERTAIN, AND Speedy Cure FOR NEURALGIA, AND ALL NERVOUS DISEASES.

Its Effects are Magical.

It is the UNFAILING REMEDY in all cases of Neuralgia Facialis, often effecting a perfect cure in less than twenty-four hours, from the use of no more than TWO OR THREE PILLS.

No other form of Neuralgia or Nervous Disease has failed to yield to this

WONDERFUL REMEDIAL AGENT.

Even in the severest cases of Chronic Neuralgia and general nervous derangements,—of many years standing,—affecting the entire system, its use for a few days, or a few weeks at the utmost, always affords the most astonishing relief, and very rarely fails to produce a complete and permanent cure.

It contains no drugs or other materials in the slightest degree injurious, even to the most delicate system, and can ALWAYS be used with

PERFECT SAFETY.

It has long been in constant use by many of our MOST DISTINGUISHED PHYSICIANS, who give it their unanimous and unqualified approval.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and postage.

One package,	$1.00	Postage 6 cents.
Six packages,	5.00	" 27 "
Twelve packages,	9.00	" 48 "

It is sold by all wholesale and retail dealers in drugs and medicines throughout the United States, and by

TURNER & CO., Sole Proprietors,
120 TREMONT ST., BOSTON, MASS.

Jan. 16—139—lawtw6m

Hay! Hay! Hay!

100 BALES PRIME HAY.
For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DOBB.

DAILY SENTINEL.

MONDAY, APRIL 13, 1868.

Canvassers for the State at Large.

The following gentlemen have been appointed, by the State Conservative Executive Committee, Canvassers for the State at large. It is to be hoped that they will at once make appointments to address the people. The original paper containing the list of canvassers for the State having been misplaced, the following is believed to be a correct list:

Hon William A Graham.
" James M Leach.
Gen M W Ransom.
Hon J R McLean.
" Jesse G Shepherd.
Maj Marcus Erwin.
Hon F B Satterthwaite.
" Hon Asa Biggs.
" J. W. Osborne.
" R Y McAden.
" George Davis.
" Jesse R. Stubbs.
" S J Person.
" W. N. H. Smith.
" W T Dortch.
Col Robert Strange.
Hon Nathaniel Boyden.
" John Kerr.
" George Howard.
Col R H Cowan.
" W P Bynum.
Giles Leitch, Esq.
Col S McD Tate.
Arch McLean, Esq.
Col D D Ferebee.
Ralph Gorrell, Esq.
Col W F Martin.
Col Jas T Morehead.
C B Sanders, Esq.
W F McKesson, Esq.
J J Yeates, Esq.
Col S B Spruill.
Hon Thomas S Ashe.
Col Walter L Steele.
Hon. B. S. Gaither,
" Josiah Turner,
" D. G. Fowle,
John H. Haughton, Esq.,
Col. Wm. A. Jenkins,
Wm. Eaton, Jr., Esq.,
R. F. Armfield, Esq.,
Edward Conigland, Esq.,
A. A. McKoy, Esq.,
P. H. Winston, Esq.,
W. McL. McKay, Esq.,
Col. S. H. Walkup,
Col. Wm. Johnston.
Hon C C Clark.
David F Caldwell, Esq.
Col Thos C. Fuller.
Dr. Jas T Leach.
M. Q. Waddell, Esq.
T. Brown Venable, Esq.
Dr. R. K. Speed.
W. M. Robbins, Esq.
James T. Littlejohn, Esq.
Atlas J. Dargan, Esq.

1868. SPRING TRADE. 1868.

FRESH ARRIVAL—BUGGY MATERIAL.

Hickory Rims, Spokes, Finished Shafts, Hubs, Long Arm ¼ inch patent Axles. Plated Hub and Sand Bands, Silver head, Japanese and Ivory Lining Nails, Band Nails. Curtain Knobs, Carriage and Tire Bolts, Axle Clips and Felloe Plates, Enameled Muslin, Drilling and Canvass, Dash Leather and Mole-skin. Oil cloth Carpeting, Japanese and Plated Buckles, Curtain Frames and Whip Sockets. Wood Stirrups, Buggy Springs, assorted. J. BROWN,
Raleigh, April 4-tf With Hart & Lewis.

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.

RALEIGH & GASTON RAILROAD CO., SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C., March 31st, 1868.

On and after March 31st, 1868, Trains will run on the Raleigh & Gaston Railroad, as follows:

Mail Train leaves Raleigh	9.35 A. M.
Arrives at Weldon	3.10 P. M.
Mail Train leaves Weldon	10.35 A. M.
Arrives at Raleigh	3.15 P. M.
Freight Train leaves Raleigh	5.00 A. M.
" " arrives at Raleigh	4.40 P. M.

The Mail Trains make through connections with all points North and South.

A. B. ANDREWS,
April 2-tf Supt. of Transportation.

☞ Carolinian, Register and Standard copy until forbid.

1868. SPRING STOCK. 1868.

BOOTS, SHOES AND TRUNKS,

AT WHOLESALE ONLY!

WE HAVE RECEIVED A LARGE STOCK of

BOOTS AND SHOES,

direct from the Manufacturers, which we will sell as low as goods of the same quality can be bought in New York, Philadelphia or Baltimore.

WYCHE & PARKER,
April 1-tf No. 3 Iron Front, up Stairs, Petersburg.

☞ Those buying for cash shall have the benefit of money.

ANOTHER LOT OF CANNED PEACHES. Just received by
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL.

JUST RECEIVED.

Gunpowder, English, Breakfast and Oolong Tea. At
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

N. C. HAMS.
At
April 1-tf DOUGLAS BELL'S.

CANNED OYSTERS!
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
Mar 18—tf

SPUN COTTON.

300 Bunches Cotton Yarns, just received
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

APPLES.—A few bbls N. C. Apples
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

IRISH POTATOES.

Another lot of N. C. Potatoes, very fine.
Mar 25—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SODA FOUNTAIN.

We will sell, very cheap, if early application be made, AN EXCELLENT SODA FOUNTAIN, with Marble Slab and all fixtures complete, nearly new.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SNUFF, SNUFF.

We can furnish dealers at Factory prices, transportation charges added.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

APPLES.

A fine lot of N. C. Apples.
Mar. 6—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

FOR SALE.

Very large N. C. Mountain Irish Potatoes.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
Mar 9—tf Auct'rs & Com. Merchants.

CORN AND COTTON PLANTERS.

In store at Manufacturer's prices, with freight only added.

R. Sinclair & Co's, and H. M. Smith & Co's celebrated CORN PLANTERS, and W. D. Johnson's improved patented

GEORGIA COTTON PLANTER.

By the use of these implements, you not only save seed and time, but secure the very best stand for early cultivation.
April 2-tf JAS. M. TOWLES, Agt.

CORN AND BACON.

500 bushels White Corn.
1,500 lbs. Shoulders and Side Bacon.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'

For Sale.

Figs, Nutmegs, Ground Black Pepper, and the best Mustard.
W. H. JONES & CO.,
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

ORDER FROM GENERAL CANBY.

HEDQ'RS 2ND. MILITARY DISTRICT, CHARLESTON, S. C., April 6, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS No. 61.

The Commanding General has received information from different sections of the States of North Carolina and South Carolina, and from members of both political parties, that combinations have been formed, or are now being formed, to prevent, delay or hinder the execution of the laws of the United States, or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent persons from accepting or executing the duties of any office or employment under the United States, at the elections to be held under the authority of the law of March 2 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," and the laws that are supplementary thereto. While he is satisfied that these complaints apply to a few persons only of both parties, it is proper that all such persons should be warned that any attempt by force to prevent, hinder or delay the execution of the laws of the United States, under the authority of which the said election is ordered, or by force, intimidation or threat to prevent any person from accepting or holding any office, or trust, or place of confidence under the United States, as Registrar, Superintendent, Judge, Manager, Inspector or Clerk, or other employment at said election, will be amenable, not only to the penalties prescribed under the authority of the said laws, but for violation of the Act of Congress "to define and punish certain conspiracies," approved July 31, 1861. (Statutes at Large, Volume 12, Chapter XXXIII.)

It is the duty of the civil and military authorities in both States to secure to every registered voter the full and free exercise of his right of suffrage, and this duty must be fully, faithfully and impartially performed, and the Commanding General confidently expects that the people of these States will unite in securing for each other the full and proper exercise of this franchise. But if in any District or County, or polling subdivision of either State, the election should be prevented, or the ballot-boxes or poll-lists should be destroyed, or the electors duly registered under the laws of the United States should be prevented by force or intimidation from voting, a new election will be ordered for such District, county or polling subdivision.

To the end that the laws of the United States may be duly executed; that the officers charged with conducting the elections may be protected in the discharge of their duties, and that the qualified electors may be protected in the exercise of the elective franchise, Commanders of Posts are authorized, whenever in their judgment it may be necessary, to appoint, from the officers of the army or the Freedmen's Bureau, under their command, Military Commissioners for Districts or counties within the territorial limits of their commands that are so remote from their headquarters that the powers conferred upon Post Commanders cannot be immediately or directly exercised.

The Military Commissioners so appointed are invested with all the powers of the Justices of the Peace of Districts or Counties, or the police magistrates of cities, and will be governed in the execution of their duties by the laws of the State in which they may be serving, except so far as these laws may be in conflict with the laws of the United States or with the orders issued from the Headquarters of this District; and, in addition to any troops that may be placed at their disposal, are given the command of the police force of Districts, Counties, cities and towns; and all police officers, sheriffs, constables, and other peace officers, are required to obey and execute the orders of the Military Commissioners in all such cases.

The Military Commissioners will promptly report all cases in which they assume jurisdiction, and the disposition made in each case. When parties are held for trial, either in confinement or under bail, the case will be so fully reported as to enable the Commanding General to decide whether it shall be tried by a military tribunal or be brought before a civil court.

The jurisdiction herein given to the Military Commissioners will be determined and limited by the authority heretofore delegated to Post Commanders by General Orders No. 32, of May 30, 1867, and General Orders No. 145, of December 6, 1867, and will not be considered as extending to the inhabitants in their ordinary personal relations, unless the civil authorities should refuse or fail to suppress insurrection, disorder and violence, and to give all rightful protection to persons and property; and all persons, whether in authority or not, are required to obey and execute all lawful orders of the Military Commissioners to the same extent and in the same manner that they are required by law to obey and execute the writs of the civil magistrates.

Some of the complaints that have reached the Commanding General apply to colored voters of the two States, and to sections where they have the numerical ascendancy. To them it is proper to say that the elective franchise conferred upon them by law, carries with it no authority to restrict others in the free exercise of that right; and that while it is their duty not to regard threats or intimidations as to themselves, any combinations to prevent by force, intimidation or threats the same free exercise of this right by others will be unlawful, and will subject the offenders to the penalties prescribed by law and by military orders.—They are counselled to exercise the right of voting in a quiet and orderly manner, giving offence to no one; and after casting their votes, not to linger about the polling places, but to return quietly to their homes and to their customary avocations.

Commanding Officers will give as wide a circulation as possible to this order within the limits of their commands.

By command of Brevet Major General ED. R. S. CANBY.

LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aide de Camp,
Actg. Asst. Adjt. Gen'l.

ROCK HILL COLLEGE,

ELLICOTT CITY, Md.

THIS INSTITUTION, CONDUCTED BY THE Brothers of the Christian Schools, was established in 1857; and incorporated, and empowered to confer degrees by the General Assembly of Maryland, during its session of 1865.

It is situated on a rising ground, in one of the healthiest and most picturesque portions of the State, and within a few minutes' walk of the Ellicott City Railroad Station.

FACULTY.

BROTHER BETTELIN, President.
BROTHER CIANAN, Vice President—Professor of Mathematics.
WM. E. A. AIKEN, M. D., LL. D., Professor of Chemistry and Natural Philosophy.
ALBERT TAYLOR BLEDSOE, A. M., LL. D., Professor of History, Rhetoric and English Literature.
BROTHER AZARIAS, Professor of Mathematics and English Composition.
BROTHER BENEDICT, Adjunct Professor of Mathematics and History.
SAMUEL E. W. BECKER, Ph. D., Professor of Latin and Greek.
ANTHONY TEHETHOFF, Adjunct Professor of Latin.
JEAN YANNI, Professor of Drawing and French.
BROTHER LUKE, Professor of German and Music.
P. UNGER, Ph. D., Professor of Music.
BROTHER MATTHEW, Instructor in Grammar and Geography.
BROTHER PETER, Prefect.
BROTHER BERNARDIN, Prefect of Junior Students.
DR. J. H. O'DONOVAN, Consulting Physician.
DR. T. B. OWINGS, Attending Physician.

TERMS:

Board, Washing and Tuition........ $260 00
Entrance Fee $5; Physician's Fee $6.
Music and Drawing, extra.
Oct. 22—65-lawtf

Gen. Canby's Election Order.

HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DIST., Charleston, S. C., March 28, 1868.

GENERAL ORDERS, No. 45.

The Constitutional Convention of the State of North Carolina, in conformity with the Act of Congress of March 23, 1867, supplementary to the Act of March 2, 1867, "to provide for the more efficient government of the rebel States," having framed a Constitution and civil government according to the provisions of the aforecited laws; and having by an ordinance adopted on the 17th day of March, 1868, provided that the said Constitution shall be submitted "for ratification to the persons registered under the provisions of this Act [March 23, 1867, Section 1] at an election to be conducted by the officers appointed or to be appointed by the Commanding General as hereinbefore provided, and to be held after the expiration of thirty days after the notice thereof to be given by the said Convention;" and having further provided, by the aforesaid ordinance, that at the same time an election shall be held for Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly, and for all State and County officers who are to be elected by the people under this Constitution, and further, that in each Congressional District of the State an election shall be held for a member of the House of Representatives of the United States Congress. It is ordered:

First. That an election be held in the State of North Carolina, commencing on Tuesday, the 21st day of April, and ending on Thursday the 23d day of April, 1868, at which all registered voters of said State may vote "For Constitution" or "Against Constitution," and also on the same ballot for the State and County officers and for members of the United States House of Representatives, as specified in the before cited ordinance.

Second. It shall be the duty of the Boards of Registration in North Carolina, commencing fourteen days prior to the election herein ordered, and giving reasonable public notice of the time and place thereof, to revise for a period of five days, the registration lists; and upon being satisfied that any person not entitled thereto has been registered, to strike the name of such person from the lists, and such persons shall not be entitled to vote. The Boards of Registration shall also, during the same period, add to such lists the names of all persons who at that time possess the qualifications required by said Acts, who have not already been registered.

Third. In deciding who are to be stricken from or added to the registration lists, the Boards will be guided by the law of March 2, 1867, and the laws supplementary thereto, and their attention is specially directed to the supplementary Act of July 19, 1867.

Fourth. Any duly registered voter of this State who may have removed from the County in which he was registered, shall be entitled to vote in the County to which he has removed and has resided for the ten days next preceding this election, upon presentation of a certificate of registration from the County in which he was originally registered, or upon his affidavit or other satisfactory evidence that he was so registered, and that he has not voted at this election. It shall be the duty of the Registrars, upon the application of any duly registered voter who has removed or is about to remove from the precinct in which he was originally registered, to furnish him with a certificate that he was so registered, and to note the fact in the registration books of the precinct. In default of the certificate, the affidavit of the voter must set forth the County and precinct in which he was originally registered and the length of time he has resided in the County in which he desires to vote. In doubtful cases, the Registrars or Inspectors of election shall require such additional evidence as may be necessary to satisfy them that the applicant is legally entitled to vote. Blank forms for the certificates and for the affidavits herein required, will be furnished the Registrars and the inspectors of election and when used will be attached to the ballots cast by such voters, and will be transmitted to District Headquarters with the returns required by law.

Fifth. The said election will be held in each County at such places as may hereafter be designated, under the superintendence of the boards of Registration as provided by law, and in accordance with instructions hereafter to be given to said Boards in conformity with the Acts of Congress and as far as may be with the laws of North Carolina.

Sixth. The polls shall be opened at such voting places at six o'clock in the forenoon, and closed at six o'clock in the afternoon of each day, and shall be kept open during these hours without intermission or adjournment.

Seventh. All Judges and Clerks employed in conducting said election shall, before commencing to hold the same, be sworn to the faithful performance of their duties, and shall also take and subscribe the oath of office prescribed by law for officers of the United States.

Eighth. No member of the Board of Registration, who is a candidate for election to any office to be filled at this election, shall serve as a Judge or Inspector of Election in any precinct which he seeks to represent.

Ninth. The Sheriff and other peace officers of each County are required to be present during the whole time that the polls are kept open, and until the election is completed; and will be made responsible that there shall be no interference with Judges of Election, or other interruption of good order. If there should be more than one polling place in any County, the Sheriff of the County is empowered and directed to make such assignments of his deputies, and other peace officers to the other polling places as may, in his judgment best subserve the purposes of quiet and order; and he is further required to report these arrangements in advance to the Commander of the Military Post in which his County is situated.

Tenth. Violence, or threats of violence, or of discharge from employment, or other oppressive means to prevent any person from registering or exercising his right of voting, is positively prohibited; and any such attempts will be reported by the Registrars or Judges of Elections, to the Post Commander, and will cause the arrest and trial of the offenders by military authority. The exhibition or carrying of deadly weapons in violation of General Orders No. 10, of 1867, at or in the vicinity of any polling places during the election herein ordered, will be regarded and treated as an additional offence.

Eleventh. All bar rooms, saloons, and other places for the sale of liquors by retail, will be closed from six o'clock of the evening of the 20th of April, until six o'clock of the morning of the 24th of April, 1868, and during this time the sale of all intoxicating liquors at or near any polling place is prohibited. The police officers of cities and towns, and the Sheriffs and other peace officers of Counties, will be held responsible for the strict enforcement of this prohibition, and will promptly arrest and hold for trial all persons who may transgress it.

Twelfth. Military interference with elections, "unless it shall be necessary to repel the armed enemies of the United States, or to keep the peace at the polls," is prohibited by the Act of Congress approved February 25, 1865, and no soldiers will be allowed to appear at any polling place, unless as citizens of the State they are qualified and are registered as voters, and then only for the purpose of voting; but the Commanders of Posts will keep their troops well in hand on the days of election, and will be prepared to act promptly if the civil authorities are unable to preserve the peace.

Thirteenth. The returns required by law to be made to the Commander of the District of the results of this election, will be rendered by the Boards of Registration of the several Registration precincts through the Commanders of the Military Posts in which their precincts are situated, and in accordance with the detailed instructions hereafter to be given.

Fourteenth. The State officers to be voted for at this election are:

1. Governor.
2. Lieutenant-Governor.
3. Secretary of State.
4. Auditor.
5. Treasurer.
6. Superintendent of Public Works.
7. Superintendent of Public Instruction.
8. Attorney-General.
9. One Chief Justice and four Associate Justices of the Supreme Court of the State.
10. One Judge of the Superior Court for each of the following Judicial Districts:

First District—Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Gates, Hertford Bertie.

Second District.—Tyrrell, Hyde, Washington, Beaufort, Martin, Pitt, Edgecombe.

Third District.—Craven, Carteret, Jones, Onslow, Greene, Lenoir, Wayne, Wilson.

Fourth District.—Brunswick, New Hanover, Duplin, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Robeson.

Fifth District.—Cumberland, Harnett, Moore, Richmond, Anson, Montgomery, Stanly, Union.

Sixth District.—Northampton, Warren, Halifax, Wake, Nash, Franklin, Johnston, Granville.

Seventh District.—Person, Orange, Chatham, Randolph, Guilford, Alamance, Caswell, Rockingham.

Eighth District.—Stokes, Forsythe, Davidson, Rowan, Davie, Yadkin, Surry.

Ninth District.—Catawba, Cabarrus, Mecklenburg, Lincoln, Gaston, Cleveland, Rutherford, Polk.

Tenth District.—Iredell, Burke, Caldwell, Wilkes, Alexander, McDowell.

Eleventh District.—Alleghany, Ashe, Watauga, Mitchell, Yancey, Madison, Buncombe.

Twelfth District.—Henderson, Transylvania, Haywood, Macon, Jackson, Clay, Cherokee.

The Chief Justice and the Associate Justices of the Supreme Court, and the Judges of the Superior Courts, to be elected by the qualified electors of the State voting at large throughout the State.

11. One Solicitor for each Judicial District, to be elected by the qualified electors thereof.

12. Members of the General Assembly, as follows:

First District—Perquimans, Chowan, Pasquotank, Currituck, Gates and Camden, shall elect two Senators.

Second District—Martin, Washington and Tyrrell, shall elect one Senator.

Third District—Beaufort and Hyde shall elect one Senator.

Fourth District—Northampton shall elect one Senator.

Fifth District—Bertie and Hertford shall elect one Senator.

Sixth District—Halifax shall elect one Senator.

Seventh District—Edgecombe shall elect one senator.

Eighth District—Pitt shall elect one senator.

Ninth District—Nash and Wilson shall elect one senator.

Tenth District—Craven and Carteret shall elect two senators.

Eleventh District—Jones and Lenoir shall elect one senator.

Twelfth District—Duplin and Onslow shall elect one senator.

Thirteenth District—Brunswick and New Hanover shall elect two senators.

Fourteenth District—Bladen and Columbus shall elect one senator.

Fifteenth District—Robeson shall elect one senator.

Sixteenth District—Cumberland, Harnett and Sampson shall elect two senators.

Seventeenth District—Johnston shall elect one senator.

Eighteenth District—Greene and Wayne shall elect one senator.

Nineteenth District—Franklin and Wake shall elect two senators.

Twentieth District—Warren shall elect one senator.

Twenty-first District—Granville and Person shall elect two senators.

Twenty-second District—Orange shall elect one senator.

Twenty-third District—Chatham shall elect one senator.

Twenty-fourth District—Caswell shall elect one senator.

Twenty-fifth District—Rockingham shall elect one senator.

Twenty-sixth District—Alamance and Guilford shall elect two senators.

Twenty-seventh District—Randolph and Montgomery shall elect one senator.

Twenty-eighth District—Moore and Richmond shall elect one senator.

Twenty-ninth District—Anson and Union shall elect one senator.

Thirtieth District—Mecklenburg shall elect one senator.

Thirty-first District—Cabarrus and Stanly shall elect one senator.

Thirty-second District—Davie and Rowan shall elect one senator.

Thirty-third District—Davidson shall elect one senator.

Thirty-fourth District—Forsythe and Stokes shall elect one senator.

Thirty-fifth District—Surry and Yadkin shall elect one senator.

Thirty-sixth District—Alexander and Iredell shall elect one senator.

Thirty-seventh District—Catawba, Gaston and Lincoln shall elect one senator.

Thirty-eighth District—Cleveland, Polk and Rutherford shall elect one senator.

Thirty-ninth District—Alleghany, Ashe and Wilkes shall elect one senator.

Fortieth District—Buncombe, Henderson and Transylvania shall elect one senator.

Forty-first District—Burke, Caldwell and Watauga shall elect one senator.

Forty-second District—Madison, Mitchell, McDowell and Yancey shall elect one senator.

Forty-third District—Clay, Cherokee, Haywood, Jackson and Macon shall elect one senator.

The county of Wake shall elect four members; the counties of Craven, Granville, Halifax and New Hanover shall elect three members each; the counties of Caswell, Chatham, Cumberland, Davidson, Duplin, Edgecombe, Franklin, Guilford, Iredell, Johnston, Mecklenburg, Northampton, Orange, Pitt, Randolph, Robeson, Rockingham, Rowan, Warren and Wayne shall elect two members each; the counties of Alamance, Alexander, Alleghany, Anson, Ashe, Beaufort, Bertie, Bladen, Brunswick, Buncombe, Burke, Cabarrus, Caldwell, Camden, Carteret, Catawba, Cherokee, Chowan, Clay, Cleveland, Columbus, Currituck, Davie, Forsyth, Gaston, Gates, Greene, Harnett, Henderson, Haywood, Hertford, Hyde, Jackson, Jones, Lenoir, Lincoln, Macon, Madison, Martin, McDowell, Mitchell, Montgomery, Moore, Nash, Onslow, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Person, Polk, Richmond, Rutherford, Sampson, Stanley, Stokes, Surry, Transylvania, Tyrrel, Union, Washington, Watauga, Wilkes, Wilson, Yadkin and Yancey shall elect one member each.

Fifteenth. The County officers to be voted for at this election are:

1. Sheriff.
2. Coroner.
3. Treasurer.
4. County Clerk of Superior Court.
5. Register of Deeds.
6. Surveyor.
7. Five Commissioners.

To be elected by the qualified electors of their respective Counties.

Sixteenth. The First Congressional District is composed of the Counties of Currituck, Camden, Pasquotank, Perquimans, Chowan, Hertford, Gates, Northampton, Halifax, Martin, Bertie, Washington, Tyrrell, Hyde and Beaufort.

Second District—Pitt, Craven, Jones, Lenoir, Wayne, Greene, Edgecombe, Wilson, Onslow, Carteret and Duplin.

Third District—New Hanover, Brunswick, Columbus, Bladen, Sampson, Cumberland, Robeson, Richmond, Harnett, Moore, Montgomery and Anson.

Fourth District—Wake, Franklin, Warren, Granville, Nash, Johnston and Chatham.

Fifth District—Alamance, Randolph, Guilford, Rockingham, Davidson, Forsythe, Stokes, Surry, Person Stanly and Caswell.

Sixth District—Rowan, Cabarrus, Union, Mecklenburg, Gaston, Lincoln, Catawba, Iredell, Davie, Yadkin, Wilkes and Alexander.

Seventh District—Ashe, Alleghany, Watauga, Yancey, Mitchell, McDowell, Burke, Caldwell, Rutherford, Cleaveland, Polk, Henderson, Transylvania, Buncombe, Madison, Haywood, Jackson, Macon, Cherokee and Clay.

In each of which Districts, one person will be elected as Representative to the Congress of the United States by the qualified electors of the District.

By command of Bvt. Maj. Gen. ED. R. S. CANBY,
LOUIS V. CAZIARC,
Aide-de-Camp, A. A. A. G.

Bacon! Bacon!

10,000 LBS. COUNTRY (hog round) Bacon. For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

Flour! Flour!

75 SACKS N. C. FLOUR. 50 bbls N. C. and Patapsco Family Flour. For sale by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

FINE WINES, ALES, LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.
At TONNOFFSKI'S.
March 2—tf

20 BBLS. No. 1. FAMILY FLOUR AND other grades, arriving
At
Feb 3-159-tf TONNOFFSKI'S.

Sugars, Sugars.

A LOT OF REFINED SUGARS, in barrels. Just received by
April 6-tf UPCHURCH & DODD.

S. B. KAHNWEILER,

IMPORTER AND MANUFACTURER

OF

LADIES AND CHILDREN'S HATS AND BONNETS,

425 BROADWAY,

(BETWEEN CANAL AND HOWARD STS.)

NEW YORK.

March 12—1m

1868. 1868.

SPRING TRADE.

TIN WARE AT WHOLESALE.

A LARGE LOT OF TIN WARE ON HAND and constantly making, which will be sold at NEW YORK PRICES!

Material good and workmanship unsurpassed.

The undersigned is conducting a NORTH CAROLINA ENTERPRISE, and asks the co-operation of Southern Merchants. He is, by availing himself of the best and most improved machinery, prepared to fill all orders for TIN WARE, and can make the supply equal to the demand.

Send me your orders. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I will take any kind of good produce in exchange for Tin Ware and particularly want, at best prices, Rags, Beeswax, Old Copper and Brass and will pay cash for same, when preferred.

Send for a Price List and compare with your Northern Bills—I WILL TRADE FAIR.

I will keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Cooking Stoves, Buck's Patent and others of best make, and will sell right.

E. H. POGUE,
Feb 3-150-tf Hillsboro N. C.

FRESH GARDEN SEED.

WE ARE NOW IN RECEIPT OF OUR SUPply of GARDEN SEED for 1868, grown in 1867, all of which we warrant of the best kinds.

WILLIAMS & LAMBETH,
Booksellers, Raleigh, N. C.
Feb. 17-162-tf

1868. 1868.

NEW ARRANGEMENT

FOR THE

SENTINEL.

Published in the City of Raleigh, N. C., Daily, Semi Weekly and Weekly.

William E. Pell, Seaton Gales, } Editors.

In view of the scarcity of money, and the severity of the times, the Proprietor of the SENTINEL has determined to reduce the terms of the paper, to commence after the 31st. DECEMBER, next, and to make such improvements in its general character as will commend it to the patronage of an enlightened public.

In POLITICS it will be thoroughly Conservative, advocating, at all times:

A strict observance of the Constitution of the United States, and the harmonious Union of equal States;

Obedience to law and the enforcement of order;

The supremacy of the civil over the military, in time of peace;

The equality of the three co-ordinate branches of the government;

The sovereignty of the States over their own internal affairs, in strict conformity to the Constitution;

The maintenance of freedom and justice to all, without distinction of color, but the supremacy of the white race as the governing class;

Opposition to Radicalism in all its phases.

As a NEWS journal, it shall be equal to any.—The principal markets will be regularly published.

Its LITERARY character shall be maintained and improved, by contributions from our best writers.

Finally, the SENTINEL will seek to be the special promoter of the educational, moral and economical interests of the people of North Carolina.

Terms:

Daily Sentinel, for one year,		$8 00
" "	six months,	4 00
" "	three months,	2 00
Semi-Weekly Sentinel, for one year,		4 00
" "	six months,	2 00
" "	three months,	1 00
Weekly "	for one year,	2 00
" "	six months,	1 00

All subscriptions strictly cash in advance.

As an advertising medium, the SENTINEL is equal to any in the State. Terms moderate.

☞ We ask every Conservative in the State to become our Agent to extend the circulation of the SENTINEL. The events of 1868 will be exciting and important. The WEEKLY SENTINEL should be in the hands of the great body of the people—The terms are now so low that every one will be able to pay for it.

W. F. PELL,
Raleigh, Jan. 1st., 1868. Proprietor

BALTIMORE ADVERTISENTS.

COLLINS & HEATH,
22 LIGHT STREET, BALTIMORE, Md.
"OLD MARYLAND WORKS."

Plumbing,	Mount Vernon Cook Stove,
Sheet Lead,	Patapsco Cook,
Lead Pipe,	Roger Williams's, Universe Cook,
Iron Pipe,	Beebe Range,
Terra Cotta Pipe,	European Range,
Brass Cocks,	Magee Range,
Plated Cocks,	Spence Range,
Iron, Lead and Zinc Bath Tubs,	Emerald Range,
Tin Bath Tubs with Heaters,	Hayward, Bartlett & Co's Portable Furnaces,
Water Closets,	Magee Furnaces, Portable and Brick,
Iron and China Basins,	Parlor, Church and Stoves in great variety,
Hydrants,	All the different styles of Grates,
Pumps,	High Up and Low Down Portable Grates, &c.,
Rams, Fountains,	
Water Wheels,	
Garden Vases,	
Water-Coolers,	
Refrigerators, &c.	

Which will be sold as low as can be had in the city.
April 8-206-1y

CORN.

1 000 bushels on hand and to arrive.
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

BACON.

100 Choice Va. and N. C. Hams.
50 " " " Shoulders.
Just to hand,
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

HAY.

50 bales Hay.
Mar 26—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

For Sale.

PICKLED BEEF by the Barrel
W. H. JONES & CO.
March 16—tf Auction & Com. Merchants.

FRESH ARRIVAL OF FANCY GOODS
At TONNOFFSKI'S.

PRUNES.

6 dozen Jars, very superior.
Mar 28—tf W. H. JONES & CO.

PETERSBURG ADVERTISEMENTS

THOMAS SMITH,

NO. 25 SYCAMORE STREET,

PETERSBURG, Va.

THE LARGEST STOCK OF

DRY GOODS

IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA.

IN PRESENTING MY KIND PATRONS WITH a memorandum of stock for Fall Trade, I also take occasion to thank them for their liberal patronage, soliciting at the same time its future continuance, assuring them that no effort will be spared to make it to their interest as well as pleasure to make their purchases of me. The following memorandum, though incomplete, will give a sufficient idea of the general stock:

Ladies' Dress Goods.

Black and colored Silks, in great variety. Irish Poplins, Belgian and French Poplins, French Merino, Baratheas, Poplin Reps, Crapes, Empress Cloth, Ugenia Biarritz, Veloutines Delaines Mouslines, single and double width, in all the new shades, Bismarcks, &c., Shepherd and Scotch Plaids.

Embroideries and Laces.

Hamburg Edgings, Hamburg Insertings, Hamburg Flouncing, Needlework Edging, Needlework Inserting, Needlework Flouncings, Nainsook Edgings, Nainsook Insertings, Swiss and Cambric Collars, Swiss and Cambric Collars and Cuffs, Linen Collars and Cuffs, Crape Collars and Cuffs, Bugle Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Collars and Cuffs, Real Point Sets, Real Valentia Collars and Cuffs, Imitation Collars and Cuffs, Cluney Collars and Cuffs, Real Val. Laces, Real Thread Laces, Real Cluney Laces, Real Guiper and Honiton Lace, Real Brussels Lace, Real Bobbin Lace, Point Lace Handkerchiefs, Valentia Lace Handkerchiefs, Imitation Lace Handkerchiefs.

Sundries.

Cloaks, Shawls, in long and square, for Misses and Ladies, Hoop Skirts, Balmorals, Bugle and Ribbon Trimmings in large assortment; Jet, Silk and Fancy Buttons, Taffeta Ribbons, Narrow Watered Ribbon, for Trimming, Belt Ribbons, Worsted and Alpaca Braids, Mohair Braids, Galoons and Stay Bindings, Corset Splits, Zigzag Braid, Star Braids, Magic Ruffling, Plain and Fancy Hair Nets, &c., China and Agate Buttons, Full lines of Black and Colored Velvet Ribbons.

Mourning Department.

Gro. Grain and Rept Silks, French Merino, Bombazine, Timese, Canton Cloth, Bearetz, Crapes, Baratheas, Poplins, Empress Cloth, Ugenias, Veloutines, Persian Cloths, Mouslines, Challies, Alpacca and Mohair, all of the very best, Loupin's celebrated manufacture.

White Goods.

Plain, Plaid and Striped Cambric, Plain, Plaid and Striped Jaconet, Plain, Plaid and Striped Nainsook, Plain, Plaid and Striped Muff Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Swiss Muslin, Plain, Plaid and Striped Bishop's Lawn, Soft finish Jaconets, Soft finish Cambric, Soft finish Long Cloths, PeKay Marsailles, &c., Tarletons, white and colored, Organdies, Dotted and Figured Swiss, Brilliants, Patent skirting.

Ladies' Furnishing Goods.

Undervests, Drawers, Corsets, Lisle Thread Hose, Real English Hose, German Hosiery in great variety, for Misses, Children and Ladies; Ladies' Brown Hose, Ladies' Black and Slate Hose, Kid Gloves in large assortment, white, black and colored; Berlin and Lisle Thread Gloves, in all sizes, Garters, Elastics, Hair, Tooth and Nail Brushes, Real Shell Horn and Gutta Percha Combs, Veils in Real Lace Dotted Bordered and Bugle-Trimmed Parasols, Fans, &c.

Domestics.

Bleached and Brown Cotton Sheetings and Shirtings, Bleached and Brown Jeans, Bleached and Brown Canton Flannel, Plaid, Striped and Plain Osnaburgs, Tickings, Denims, Hickney, Huckery, Dongrey, Calico in all the popular makes; Ginghams in every variety.

Housekeeping Department.

Flannels, plain and fancy, Blankets, Carpets, Tapestry, Three-Ply, Superfine, Ingrain, in all wool and cotton chain, Venetian, Hemp and Cottage Carpets, Druggets, Rugs and Door Mats, Floor Oil Cloth, Lace Muslin, Brocatelle and Damask Curtains, Piano and Table Covers, Table Damask, Stair and Table Oil Cloths, Napkins, Doilies, Towels, Huckaback, Crash and Glass Linens, Linen and Cotton Sheetings in all widths, Pillow Linens, Marsailles Counterpanes, Jacquard and Cotton Diapers, Linen Diapers, Bird eye Diapers, Irish Linen, &c.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

All are respectfully invited to inspect my stock before making their purchases. My conviction is, the true way to success is to secure the interest of your customers by charging the smallest possible profit on goods. This has ever been my motto, and the large business heretofore done encourages me in adhering strictly to it.

THOMAS SMITH,
No. 25 Sycamore St., Petersburg, Va.
Oct. 15—59

FRESH SEEDS.

We have just received from the most reliable seed-growers in the country, a large stock of Fresh Garden, Lawn, Field and Meadow Grass Seeds, embracing every variety of

Artichoke	Onion
Asparagus	Okra
Beans	Parsley
Beet	Parsnip
Brocoli	Peas
Brussells Sprouts	Pepper
Cabbage	Pumpkin
Carrot	Radish
Cauliflower	Rhubarb
Celery	Salsify
Collards	Squash
Corn Salad	Spinach
Cress or Peppergrass	Tomato
Cucumber	Herbs
Endive	Herds Grass
Egg Plant	Orchard do
Leek	Ky. Blue Grass
Lettuce	Timothy do
Kale	Mixed Lawn and
Melon	Lucerne Grass
Nasturtium	White Clover.

Which we offer at the lowest market rates FOR CASH.

JORDAN & CARR,
Wholesale and Retail Druggists,
Jan 29-148-tf Petersburg, Va.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CHARLESTON HOTEL,

CHARLESTON, S. C.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING TAKEN charge of the above well known Hotel, respectfully informs his friends and the travelling public that it has been REFURNISHED IN ALL OF ITS DEPARTMENTS. The table will at all times be supplied with the THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, including every delicacy in season, while the cuisine will be unexceptionable. The Bath Rooms attached to the Hotel are supplied with the celebrated Artesian Water, and HOT, COLD OR SHOWER BATHS can be obtained at any time. The same attention will be paid to the comfort of the guests as heretofore, and travellers can rely upon finding the Charleston Hotel equal to any in the United States. The patronage of the travelling public is respectfully solicited.

J. P. HORBACH, Agent,
Jan 14-133-3m Proprietor.

P. F. PESCUD,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT,

HAS REMOVED his office to his former Drug Store, where he will receive applications and issue Policies of Insurance against loss by Fire, at the lowest remunerative rates, in the following first-class Companies, viz:

Phœnix, of Hartford,
Atlantic, of Brooklyn,
Security, of New York,
Putnam, of Hartford,
Home, of New Haven,
Valley of Virginia, Winchester,
Jefferson, of Virginia, and
The Underwriter's, Selma, Ala.

Their combined Capital and Assetts exceeding $3,500,000.

LOSSES PROMPTLY ADJUSTED AND PAID.

P. F. PESCUD,
Dec. 14—110-tf Ins. Agent.

WINDOW GLASS—8x10, 10x12 and other sizes.

Kerosene Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks, Sunburners and Chimneys.

Best Kerosene Oil. For sale by
J. BROWN,
Raleigh, Mar 30—tf With Hart & Lewis.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1851.

KADER BIGGS. JOS. J. BIGGS.

KADER BIGGS & CO.,

COTTON FACTORS

AND

General Commission Merchants,

NORFOLK, Va.

SPECIAL AND ENTIRE ATTENTION to sales of Cotton and all other kinds of produce and prompt returns made.

Our long experience in business gives us superior advantages in making sales at the highest market prices.

Cotton forwarded to Liverpool free of commissions.

Liberal advances made on produce in hand.

TRAVELLING AGENTS: Major Jas. M. Mayo, of Edgecombe, and Mr. Jas. B. Hancock, of Wilson, who will be pleased to furnish any information or facility to those shipping to us.

Revenue Taxes on Cotton can be paid here in all cases when preferred by shippers, according to recent regulations.

Norfolk, Va., Nov. 4

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENCIL NAME PLATES,

FOR MARKING CLOTHING WITH INDELIBLE INK, AND FOR MARKING BOOKS, SHEET-MUSIC, &c.

Everybody should have one! No preparation is required on the cloth. It will not wash out. A prize for ladies! Send for circular and samples.

Plain styles 50cts., ornamental 75cts. Send on your orders.

Address, R. P. HARRIS, SENTINEL OFFICE, Raleigh, N. C.

A FARM IN EXCHANGE FOR A CITY RESIDENCE.

Will be Exchanged for a Residence in Raleigh.

A GOOD FARM OF 600 ACRES,

IN Franklin County, 5 miles from the R. & G. R R. Handsome, healthy location. Has an orchard of 1,000 choice Fruit Trees, and a fine variety of Grapes.

The dwelling large and convenient—with all necessary out buildings. An excellent location for a Physician, or School.

Jan 29-148-tf W. H. JONES & CO.

SENTINEL OFFICE

JOB PRINTING.

OUR FRIENDS IN THE CITY OR COUNTRY, desiring Sheriffs' Clerks or Constables' Blanks,

CARDS, BOOKS, PAMPHLETS,

or other printing, done, will please send in their orders.

They will be neatly executed and done promptly, and on the lowest terms.

We expect soon to have our office supplied with the necessary material to execute the orders of our friends in every species of Job Printing.

Sept. 27—tf WM E PELL, Proprietor.

MUSKINGUM VALLEY

PORTABLE ENGINE WORKS,

ZANESVILLE, OHIO.



DUVALLS' IMPROVED PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES AND CIRCULAR SAW MILLS. DUVALL'S PREMIUM CORN MILLS AND IMPROVED FLOURING MILLS.

These Engines and Mills have received the first premium over all competitors. They afford the best, cheapest, and most economical power in use and excel in power any Engines made in the Union.

These Engines are fired and thoroughly tested before leaving the works, and are warranted in all respects perfect and ready for immediate use. They are warranted to cut more lumber with less hands and at less expense than any other in the Union.

For descriptions, price lists and other information address,

JOHN B. GRETTER,
Guilford Land Agency,
Greensboro' N. C.
June 26-271. Sole Agent for N C

PUMPS! PUMPS!! PUMPS!!!

JUST RECEIVED A GOOD ASSORTMENT of Downs & Co's. celebrated

Deep-Well, Cistern, Force and Lift

PUMPS,

Which we offer on reasonable terms.

BRIGGS & DODD.
Jan 22-139-tf

PRINTER'S NEWS INK.

FOR THE accommodation of our cotemporaries in the State, we propose to keep on hand a quantity of NEWSPAPER INK manufactured in Philadelphia, and will sell it, for cash, at Philadelphia prices. We have it in kegs of 50 and 25 pounds each, at 20 cts. per pound. The cash must accompany orders. Apply to the
Apr. 6-tf EDITORS OF THE SENTINEL.

DEMOREST'S YOUNG AMERICA, the best Juvenile Magazine. Every Boy and Girl that sees it says so; all the Press say so; and Parents and Teachers confirm it. Do not fail to secure a copy. A good Microscope, with a glass cylinder to confine living objects, or a good two-bladed, pearl Pocket Knife, and a large number of other desirable articles, given as premiums to each subscriber. Yearly, $1.50. The November number commences a new volume. Published by

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
473 Broadway, New York.

Try it, Boys and Girls. Specimen copies, five cents, mailed free.
Nov. 2—75-tf

DEMOREST'S MONTHLY MAGAZINE, universally acknowledged the Model Parlor Magazine of America; devoted to Original Stories, Poems, Sketches, Architecture and Model Cottages, Household Matters, Gems of Thought, Personal and Literary Gossip (including special department on Fashions,) Instructions on Health, Music, Amusements, etc., by the best authors, and profusely illustrated with costly engravings (full size,) useful and reliable Patterns, Embroideries, and a constant succession of artistic novelties, with other useful and entertaining literature.

No person of refinement, economical housewife or lady of taste can afford to do without the Model Monthly. Single copies, 30 cents; back numbers as specimens, 10 cents; either mailed free. Yearly, $3, with a valuable premium; two copies, $5 50; three copies $7 50; five copies, $12, and splendid premiums for clubs at $3 each, with the first premiums to each subscriber.

☞ A new Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine for 20 subscribers at $3 each. Address,

W. JENNINGS DEMOREST,
No. 473 Broadway, New York.

Demorest's Monthly and Young America together $4, with the premiums for each.
Nov. 2—75-tf

MOLASSES

20 barrels Molasses, in halves and whole barrels.
Mar 5—tf At ANDREWS'.

A CHANCE TO HAVE YOUR OLD FURNITURE REPAIRED AND RENOVATED.

HAVING OBTAINED THE SERVICES OF A No. 1 Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all kinds of UPHOLSTERING, with neatness and dispatch. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Old Mattresses renovated and made over

Furniture of all kinds repaired and varnished and re-upholstered, and any thing in our line made to order promptly.

W. H. MORRISS & CO.
April 29-224-tf 18 Fayetteville St.

HAND-SAWS, HAMMERS, Hatchets, Files and Rasps.
W. H. JONES & CO.
Feb. 25—tf Auc. & Com. Merchants.